



# **GLOBAL OFFSHORE SERVICES LIMITED**

**43<sup>RD</sup> ANNUAL REPORT 2020-21**

**GLOBAL OFFSHORE SERVICES LIMITED**  
FOUNDER : THE LATE PADMA BHUSHAN - ABASAHEB GARWARE

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**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

ADITYA GARWARE - CHAIRMAN

MANEESHA SHAH

ANIL. K. THANAVALA

SAYEED. Y. MULANI

FAISY VIJU

MUKUND M. HONKAN - WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR

**COMPANY SECRETARY &  
PRESIDENT - LEGAL & ADMIN**

A. C. CHANDARANA

**CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

P. S. SHAH

**PRESIDENT - COMMERCIAL**

K. S. DAVE

**PRESIDENT - OPERATIONS & HSSE**

CAPT. S. KANWAR

**PRESIDENT - TECHNICAL**

V. V. VIBHUTE

**BANKERS**

State Bank of India

Punjab National Bank (erstwhile United Bank of India)

**AUDITORS**

MESSRS. D.KOTHARY & CO.

Chartered Accountants

**REGISTERED OFFICE**

101, Swapnabhoomi, `A' Wing,

S.K.Bole Road, Dadar (W),

Mumbai – 400 028.

**BRANCH**

Goa.

**REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT**

**BIGSHARE SERVICES PVT. LTD.**

01st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building,

Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road,

Marol, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400 059.

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## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

The offshore oil and gas support service sector continued to face a very difficult and challenging period over the past 12 months and, even though there were some improvements in activity levels the “overhang” of supply of Assets is not expected to disappear anytime very soon. It is likely to be another challenging year with further rounds of restructuring and consolidations ongoing. In a longer-term context, focus on the Energy Transition to “greener and cleaner” energy is gathering pace as post-Covid-19 planning looks to “green and tech” to help “build back better.”

The dramatic impact of Covid-19 on global energy markets prompted contrasting reactions across offshore. In traditional oil and gas, there was reduced activity, project deferral, lower spending and operational disruption especially as a result of the price of oil futures touching negative levels. Across offshore renewables however, there was continued growth and record project sanctioning, overtaking offshore oil and gas for the first time (\$56bn vs \$43bn). While the firming up of oil price has improved market sentiment and according to experts, suggests improvements in utilization of OSVs and rigs, the general outlook indicates that these contrasts will continue in 2021.

### THE INDUSTRY :

- i) The market in 2019 started with some of the lowest activity levels seen in 20 years, with rig demand about 3 to 4 percent lower than it was in 2017.
- ii) The Offshore Support Vessel (OSV) markets were hard hit by the economic after-effects of Covid-19.
- iii) Demand declined by 8% across full year 2020, and by the end of the year the number of OSVs active was only 3% above the lowest point of the post-2014 downturn.
- iv) Demand could well remain under pressure through the year 2021 at least.
- v) Covid-19 has exacerbated pre-existing supply-side challenges for the OSV sector.
- vi) There is an overhang of vessels on order, and scrapping of OSVs continue to be “few and far between”.
- vii) Lay-up is the primary supply side lever for OSVs as a result, but units in hot lay-up may still add to supply-side pressure on day rates.
- viii) Early in 2021, there has been marginal uptick in rates in some regions.
- ix) Given the overall supply/demand balance, any more sustained rate improvement may take longer.
- x) As of February 2021, key indicators across both Anchor Handling Tug cum Support Vessels (AHTSV) and Platform Supply Vessels (PSV) segments are more than 40% below the average levels of the last decade.
- xi) The gradual market improvement witnessed in 2017-19 has been firmly reversed by the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic.
- xii) Global (AHSTV) utilisation was 58% by February 2021, four points lower y-o-y, whilst PSV utilisation was 57%, six points lower y-o-y.
- xiii) Over the last year, demand for AHTSs is down 3%.
- xiv) Demand for PSVs (which are more exposed to IOC demand) was down 10%.
- xv) By end-2022, utilization is only expected to pick up to 62% in both sectors, demonstrating the scale of the challenge of weak demand and a fleet that is still relatively young.

### OPPORTUNITIES & THREAT:

Price improvements have been helped by improved global demand, which has recovered by 22% since its April 2020 low, despite Covid related restrictions, to an estimated 95.1m bpd (this is still 7% down y-o-y). However, the price gains have also been supported by heavy OPEC + supply cuts (plus concurrent reductions in US shale output), which reduced global supply to an estimated 93.1m bpd in December. Of course, output comes at a cost of reduced volumes for participants in the cuts. On an annual basis, global oil supply is estimated to have fallen by 6.4% in 2020 to 94.1m bpd. Some easing of OPEC action is expected in 2021, but the full year 2021 projection of 1.5% growth to 95.5m bpd would still leave supply 5% below 2019. Drawdown of the record stock builds in 2020 will also complicate the supply-demand balance.

Gas production is estimated to have reached 379.9 bn cfd in 2020, which is a 2.8% reduction year-on-year. Production has been affected by similar trends to a degree; reduced shale output plus lower associated production from oil have had an effect. However, the lower carbon emissions of gas mean that producers may be keener to preserve productive capacity for the medium-term. In the shorter term, whilst reduced industrial demand during peak lockdowns ensured gas prices were weak, production was supported when prices spiked late in 2020 as a result of low temperatures in North Asia and Europe.

## OUTLOOK :

After the market upheaval of mid-2020, oil markets had tightened somewhat by end-2020, and barring risks of any adverse developments, related to Covid -19, market could well stay so in 2021. However, even if oil prices stay at the upper end of most forecasters' expectations, and if the supply-side is carefully managed by participants, it is not anticipated that there will be any large-scale upturn in Oil Company spending on offshore. After a low of \$41.5bn of capex commitments to offshore projects in 2020, \$67bn is currently projected to be awarded in 2021. Even this moderate projection may be revised as project prioritization and progress towards cost savings become clearer (with accompanying impacts on margins in the supply chain). Over the medium term, should vaccination bring greater normality, a robust rebound in demand and offshore market rebalancing remains possible. However, it is also clear that 2020 has accelerated focus on the green transition/energy transition, and this will certainly influence the relative long-term development of each energy source. In the long term, offshore oil is projected under a 'gradual transition' to grow at a CAGR of 2.0% to 2030, to reach 30m bpd (30% of global oil output), while offshore gas output is projected to grow at a CAGR of 3.1% to reach 164bn cfd (36% of global gas production).

The market outlook for AHTS vessels is weak; the segment has been exposed to the impact of IOC CAPEX reductions on rig markets as a result of Covid-19. S&C America notwithstanding, reduced deep water drilling demand has sharply impacted the global large AHTS active vessel count (down 13% since start-2020). Moreover, large AHTS utilization stands at just 56%. At start-February, 44% of the segment was idle or laid-up; the number of deactivated units is likely to continue to rise in 1H 21, with additional market pressure expected in the near-term. Moreover, any recovery in drilling activity across 2021-22 is likely to be gradual, and this may limit any large AHTS market uptick.

The largest small AHTS market is in the Asia-Pacific region, which currently accounts for 41% of 4,000-8,000 BHP demand. While the Covid-19 induced downturn has seen a softening in demand in Asia, NOC requirements provided some support to small AHTS market activity last year. An average of 336 small AHTSs were active in the Asia-Pacific region in 2020, down just 1% from 2019. However, against a backdrop of waning jack-up demand in Asia (down by 4% since Sept-2020), there are signs that regional AHTS demand may fall across early 2021. At start-February, 342 <12,000 BHP units were active in the region, down by 6% over the last two months. Small AHTS day rates in Asia have been subject to pressure since the onset of the latest downturn. For instance, the rate assessment for a 5,000 BHP AHTS stood at \$3,502/day at end-January, down 25% y-o-y.

Despite the relative stability usually observed in the Middle East, the impact of Covid-19 has clearly weakened small AHTS market conditions in the region. At start-February, 261 <12,000 BHP units were active in the Middle East/ISC, an 11% decline on start-20. Subsequently, small AHTS rates have also weakened in the Middle East. The rate assessment for a 5,000 BHP unit stood at \$5,000/day at end-January, down 15% year-on-year.

The small AHTS market outlook remains negative in light of the impact of Covid-19. With jack-up drilling demand only expected to record 3% growth over 2021, there is very little scope for any significant improvement in small AHTS market activity in the near-term (utilisation stands at just 58%). While the impact of Covid-19 continues to vary regionally, small AHTS demand-side weakness is evident on a global basis; the number of active vessels has declined by 7% since start-2020. Reduced vessel demand has impacted charter market conditions, weakening small AHTS day rates. The global 12-month time charter rate for an 80t BP vessel stood at \$4,350/day at end-January, 17% and 63% below end-2019 and end-2014 levels respectively. Evidently, the small AHTS sector is in the midst of a renewed downturn and is facing another period of severe pressure.

The large PSV market outlook remains soft with the impact of Covid-19 continuing to pressure demand (>4,000 dwt utilization currently stands at 76%, down 5 pts since start-20). While vessel 'upsizing' trends may have insulated the larger PSV segment from the sharpest impacts of the latest downturn (>4,000 dwt demand is down 6% since start-20, compared with a 12% reduction for <4,000 dwt units), the 12-month global time charter rate is currently 19% and 59% below start-20 and start-14 levels respectively. Supply-side risks are evident; the youthful nature of the fleet precludes formal removal and so reactivations may limit rate improvements when market conditions eventually tick up. However, any uptick still feels a long way away, with owners likely to face another challenging 12 months.

### Operational Performance:

The average age of the Company's fleet on a consolidated basis, stands at just over 10 years. The Company has strived to keep the Vessels on long term contracts albeit at lower rates. Fortunately, for the FY21, this strategy has "paid off" with almost all the Vessels (except one) earning continuously for the full year.

As regards Netherlands subsidiary, out of a total of six vessels owned and operated by the said Entity, three were sold in conjunction with the Senior Lenders, the restructuring of a Loan for one has been completed and the remaining two vessels taken on bareboat basis, were returned to Owners.

While the Company strived to achieve maximum utilization of its subsidiary's vessel, the severe impact of Covid 19 was felt by the Company as well and one of the Vessels on charter in West Africa remained idle for the first five months of FY21. Both the vessels on Bareboat were also returned, partly because their earning capability fell drastically as a result of the Covid 19 pandemic.

Your Company is keenly aware of the need to ensure that costs are monitored closely and monies are spent prudently in order to be able to obtain the highest value out of all maintenance and repairs, while at the same time conserving precious fund.

**Financial Ratios :**

Pursuant to the Provisions of Schedule V – Part B, Clause I, Sub-Clause (i) & (j), the details of the significant changes in the financial ratios (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) are as follows :

- 1] The change in the Debtors Turnover Ratio is 33%. This is due to reduction in Turnover and also delay in realization of debtors (for one Vessel in particular).
- 2] The change in Inventory Turnover Ratio is 83%. This is due to considerable reduction of levels of stores and spares maintained on the Vessel. This ratio however, is not representative of its definition for a Shipping Company since “Inventories” do not consist of Raw Material, Work in Progress, or Finished Goods – as normally defined.
- 3] The change in Return on Net Worth was 69%. This ratio has improved in view of the foreign exchange gain on translation of long term loans in current year.
- 4] The change in Current Ratio is -39%. This is due to non payment of outstanding Interest and Principal of Term Loans availed from banks leading to a substantial increase in current liabilities.
- 5] The change in Net Profit margin is 69%. This is due to Foreign Exchange gain on long term loans, as compared to Foreign Exchange loss.

**RISK & CONCERN:**

Any adverse developments related to Covid-19 represent further risks to the existing “weak” recovery. The supply/demand imbalance in early 2021 is less extreme than it was in Q2 2020, as economies have partially adjusted to the pandemic, and vaccines help to provide potential greater ‘normalization’. However, market risks will continue to exist should the crisis be prolonged, or if a disorderly unwinding of quota cuts produces excess supply growth. Meanwhile, political risks have not disappeared, particularly in the Middle East. Risks of escalation with effects on oil markets remain.

Following the onset of Covid-19, the OSV sector finds itself in a weakened position, with demand already close to the lows seen during the last downturn. Although 2021 may eventually offer marginal demand improvement (projected utilisation at end 2022 is 62%), the sector is likely to face continued challenges. Though a slow contraction of the OSV fleet size is likely to continue, it is unlikely that this will be enough to have a significant effect on the supply/demand balance. Absent an unexpected magnitude of demand-side firming, the OSV sector is likely to face a weak short to medium term outlook.

**INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ADEQUACY:**

Your Company continues to emphasize the importance of the set-up of suitable systems which would drive the performance of its various “verticals”. A regular audit of systems and processes is carried out and findings help your company improve continuously.

Cost management is an important issue for the company and the Technical, Procurement and Health & Safety teams are continuously exploring ways and means to be able to manage assets at optimal costs – but never at the expense of safety.

**HR AND PEOPLE:**

The Employees of the Company continue to be the most important and valuable asset of your Company. The Company continues to hold small and effective training modules for its employees.

Special attention is being paid to this in order that your company is able to retain good talent.

## NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Forty Third Annual General Meeting of the members of Global Offshore Services Limited will be held on **Wednesday, 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 at 11.00 a.m.** IST through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), to transact the following business:

### ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To consider and adopt :
  - the audited standalone financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 and the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon; and
  - the audited consolidated financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 and the report of Auditors thereon
- To appoint a Director in place of Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah (DIN : **00019794**), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

### Registered Office:

101, Swapnabhoomi, "A" Wing,  
S. K. Bole Road, Dadar (W),  
Mumbai – 400028  
CIN: L61100MH1976PLC019229

**By Order of the Board**  
**Sd/-**  
**A. C. Chandarana**  
**Company Secretary &**  
**President - Legal & Admin.**

**Date :** 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021

**Place :** Mumbai.

### NOTES:

- Considering the present Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its circular dated May 5, 2020 read together with circulars dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted convening the Annual General Meeting ("AGM" / "Meeting") through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the members at a common venue. In accordance with the MCA Circulars, provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The deemed venue for the AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.
- Since the AGM will be held through VC/ OAVM, the route map of the venue of the Meeting is not annexed hereto.
- Detail of Director retiring by rotation / seeking appointment / re-appointment at this Meeting is provided in the "Annexure" to the Notice.
- DISPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT THROUGH ELECTRONIC MODE:**  
In compliance with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2020-21 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2020-21 will also be available on the Company's website [www.globaloffshore.in](http://www.globaloffshore.in), website of the Stock Exchange, i.e., BSE Limited at [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com).
- For receiving all communication (including Annual Report) from the Company electronically:
  - Members holding shares in physical mode and who have not registered / updated their email address with the Company are requested to register / update the same by writing to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent with details of folio number and attaching a self-attested copy of PAN card to Bigshare e mail : [lawoo@bigshareonline.com](mailto:lawoo@bigshareonline.com)
  - Members holding shares in dematerialised mode are requested to register / update their email addresses with the relevant Depository Participant.
- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on first come first served basis.

9. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
10. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.

In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at [www.globaloffshore.in](http://www.globaloffshore.in). The Notice can also be accessed from the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com). The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. [www.evoting@cdslindia.com](http://www.evoting@cdslindia.com).

In continuation of this Ministry's General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 05th May, 2020 and after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year 2020, or become due in the year 2021, to conduct their AGMs on or before 31.12.2021, in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 as per MCA circular no. 02/2021 dated January,13,2021.

**THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:**

- (i) The voting period begins on Sunday, 26<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 from 10.00 a.m. and ends on Tuesday, 28<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 at 5.00 p.m. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date Tuesday, 21<sup>st</sup> September, 2021 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting.
- (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com).
- (iv) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. **SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020**, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

- (v) In terms of **SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020** on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL</b>	<p>Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</a> or visit <a href="http://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.</p> <p>After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/ KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.</p> <p>If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</a></p> <p>Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <a href="http://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page or click on <a href="https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin">https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin</a> The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.</p>

<p>Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with <b>NSDL</b></p>	<p>If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</p> <p>If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a>. Select “Register Online for IDeAS “Portal or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a></p> <p>Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</p>
<p>Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their <b>Depository Participants</b></p>	<p>You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</p>

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

**Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL**

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>CDSL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with <b>NSDL</b>	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

(vi) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.

- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com).
- 2) Click on “Shareholders” module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
  - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
  - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
  - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com) and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

<b>For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.</b>	
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.</li> </ul>



Dividend Bank Details <b>OR</b> Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. • If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.
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- (vii) After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- (viii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (ix) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (x) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- (xi) On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xii) Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xiii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiv) Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- (xvi) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvii) **Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.**
- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to [www.evotingindia.com](http://www.evotingindia.com) and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
  - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com).
  - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
  - The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
  - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
  - Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; [investorredressal@globaloffshore.in](mailto:investorredressal@globaloffshore.in) (designated email address by company), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM/EGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:**

1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM/ EGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM/EGM.
4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast **7 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **10 days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the EGM/AGM.
10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the EGM/AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

**PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/ DEPOSITORIES.**

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to **Company/RTA email id**.
2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
3. For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.
11. If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) or contact at 022- 23058738 and 022-23058542/43.
12. All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL, ) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to [helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com) or call on 022-23058542/43.
13. Mr. Taher Sapatwala, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No.8029 & C.P No.16149) is appointed as the Scrutinizer for conducting the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
14. The Scrutinizer will submit his report of the votes polled through E-voting and physical voting, to the Chairman. The Chairman will, or in his absence, any other person so authorized by him will, announce the results of Voting on 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 immediately upon receipt from the Scrutinizer. The Scrutinizer's decision on the validity of the votes cast through E-voting and Electronic voting on the day of the meeting shall be final.
15. The Scrutinizer's Report, shall be placed on the Company's website: [www.globaloffshore.in](http://www.globaloffshore.in) within two (2) working days of passing of the resolution and communicated to the Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed, viz. BSE Ltd.
16. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, and the relevant documents referred to in the Notice will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM.
17. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company on or before Wednesday, September 22, 2021 through email on [investorredressal@globaloffshore.in](mailto:investorredressal@globaloffshore.in). The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
18. Shareholders who have not yet encashed their dividend warrants may approach the Company for revalidation, issue of duplicate warrant etc. quoting the Folio No./ Client ID. Please note that as per Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 dividend which remains unclaimed over a period of 7 years has to be transferred by the Company to the "Investor Education & Protection Fund" (IEPF).

The details of Dividends declared and due date for transfer of unclaimed dividend to IEPF are as under:

Financial Year	Type of Dividend	Dividend Declaration Date (AGM/ BM date for interim)	Due date for transfer to IEPF after 7 years
2013-14	Final Dividend	25.09.2014	30.10.2021

19. Any person who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at [evoting@cdslindia.com](mailto:evoting@cdslindia.com). However, if he / she is already registered with CDSL for remote e-voting then he / she can use his / her existing user ID and password for casting the vote.

20. Members holding shares in demat mode who have not registered their email addresses are requested to register their email addresses with their respective depository participants and members holding shares in physical mode are requested to update their email address with the Company's RTA, Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. at email id [lawoo@bigshareonline.com](mailto:lawoo@bigshareonline.com) to receive copies of the Annual Report 2020-21 in electronic mode.
21. SEBI has mandated the submission of the Permanent Account No.(PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore requested to submit their PAN to their depository participant(s). Members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit their PAN details to the RTA.

**Registered Office:**

101, Swapnabhoomi, "A" Wing,  
S. K. Bole Road, Dadar (W),  
Mumbai – 400028  
CIN: L61100MH1976PLC019229

**By Order of the Board**  
**Sd/-**  
**A. C. Chandarana**  
**Company Secretary &**  
**President - Legal & Admin.**

**Date :** 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021

**Place :** Mumbai.

**Annexure to Notice**

**Details of Directors seeking Appointment / Re-appointment as required under Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard (SS2) are as follows:**

Name	<b>Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah</b>
Date of Birth	31.01.1967
DIN	00019794
Date of appointment on Board	30.11.1992
Relationship with other Directors inter-se.	Sister of Mr. Aditya A. Garware
Qualifications	B. Com. L.L.B.
Experience in specific function area.	Legal
Directorship held in other companies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adsu Trading &amp; Investment Company Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>• Masu Trading &amp; Investment Company Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>• Mauve Trading Company Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>• Universal Investment Services Pvt. Ltd.</li> </ul>
Membership/ Chairmanship of Committee in other public limited companies (includes only Audit & Shareholders'/ Stakeholders' Committee).	NIL
Shareholding, if any, in the Company	120988

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**By Order of the Board**  
**Sd/-**  
**A. C. Chandarana**  
**Company Secretary &**  
**President - Legal & Admin.**

**Date :** 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021

**Place :** Mumbai.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2021

TO,

THE MEMBERS,

Your Directors present their report as under:

1] **FINANCIAL RESULTS:**

PARTICULARS	Rs. in Crores	
	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Income from Operations	61.20	70.80
Other Income	0.49	0.91
Gross Income	61.69	71.71
Expenses for the period	45.83	48.63
<b>Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA).</b>	<b>15.86</b>	23.08
Finance cost	17.94	24.25
Depreciation	26.41	24.32
<b>(Loss) / Profit Before Tax</b>	<b>(28.49)</b>	(25.49)
Exceptional Items	11.82	(41.23)
<b>(Loss) / Profit Before Tax</b>	<b>(16.67)</b>	(66.72)
<u>Provision for Taxation</u>		
Current Tax	0.55	0.83
Tax for earlier (credit) (written back)/provision	-	(2.72)
<b>Net (Loss) / Profit After Tax</b>	<b>(17.22)</b>	(64.83)
Add : Balance of Profit /(loss) brought forward from previous year.	<b>(145.06)</b>	(80.22)
Balance Carried forward	<b>(162.28)</b>	(145.06)

- 2] The Annual Accounts of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS). The impact of the IND AS is stated in the Notes to the Accounts.

Income from Operations for the year ended 31.03.2021 stood at Rs.61.20 crores, as against Rs.70.80 crores for the previous year (a reduction of approximately 14%). The decrease in the revenue was mainly as a result of one of the vessel's lying idle for approximately 6 months, after which she was deployed on "Bareboat Charter" basis – which translates into lower Revenue as also no operating costs. Other Income for the year stood at Rs. 0.49 crore as against Rs. 0.91 crore in the previous year, comprising of interest on Bank deposits and interest on an Income Tax Refund.

The Expenses for the year stood at Rs.45.83 crores as against Rs.48.63 crores (a reduction of approximately 6%). As a result, EBIDTA for the year fell to Rs.15.86 crores from Rs.23.08 crores for the previous year. Financial Charges for the year were Rs.17.94 crores as against Rs.24.25 crores for the previous year (a reduction of approximately 26%) in view of the reduction in utilization of Bank limits, and the reduction in USD Libor. Depreciation for the year stood at Rs. 26.41 crores as against Rs.24.32 crores for previous year. The Exceptional item of Rs. 11.82 crores for the year comprised of Foreign Exchange gain on translation of long term forex loans. The same figure for the previous year was a Loss of Rs. 41.23 crores. As a result, the Net Loss for the year ended 31.03.2021 stood at Rs. 17.22 crores as against Rs.64.83 crores for the previous year.

3] **OPERATIONS:**

During the year under review :

- i) M.V. Kamet, M.V. Mana and M.V. Mahananda continued to work on term contracts on the West Coast and East Coast of India.
- ii) M.V. Poorna continued to work on a term contract till January 2021 and thereafter secured a contract on the West Coast of India.
- iii) M.V. Meghna was idle from mid April 2020 to mid October 2020 and thereafter was to be deployed on a bareboat contract for upto one year. However, in view of continuous defaults in obligations by the Charterer, the Company has repossessed the Vessel in June 2021 (after the end of F.Y. 2021) and thereafter, immediately deployed her on a time charter contract with a different counter party.
- iv) M.V. Lachung was on a long-term contract till July, 2020. Thereafter the Vessel worked on two "back to back" term contracts till April 2021.

The Shareholders are aware that in January 2017, State Bank of India (SBI) – the major term lender - classified the Company's account as a Non Performing Asset (NPA), and converted all the loans outstanding (originally disbursed in US \$) into Indian Rupees (INR), which has not been accepted by the Company.

The Company understands that a proposal of Assignment of the outstanding debt payable to State Bank of India (SBI) has been made and is under active consideration. This entire process has taken longer than anticipated especially in view of the Covid 19

pandemic and the effect it has had on the Oil and Gas Industry.

With regard to the Working Capital limits sanctioned by Punjab National Bank (PNB) (the erstwhile United Bank of India), the same were reduced to Rs. 12.19 crores (from Rs. 23.82 crores). In spite of the difficulties faced, the Company has been able to maintain “regularity” of the Account and has repaid the USD based Working Capital limits completely. The total utilization of limits stood as on date of this report at Rs. 7.06 crores.

With regard to the unsecured loan availed from Axis Bank Limited, the Company is in discussion with the Bank to arrive at a settlement on the same.

**4] IMPACT OF PANDEMIC COVID 19 ON OFFSHORE INDUSTRY:**

The impact of Covid-19 on energy markets during mid 2020 was stark, with oil demand falling a staggering 17m bpd across Q2 and Brent Prices falling below \$30/bbl (on one particular day Oil traded at negative values!!). Across 2020, Brent Prices averaged \$41.3/bbl, down 36% y-o-y. By end 2020, global oil demand had recovered to 95.1m bpd, with supply estimated at 93.1m bpd and relative stability returned to the oil market. Order was restored by a substantial OPEC+ supply cut and falling shale output. However, demand is still down 7% y-o-y and is fragile given Covid 19 restrictions. Oil prices exceeded \$60/bbl by early-February, marginally up from a year earlier. However, this is yet to translate into higher charter rates for Offshore Support Vessels.

**5] DIVIDEND:**

In view of the losses incurred for the year, your Directors regret their inability to recommend any Dividend.

**6] FUTURE EXPANSION AND OUTLOOK:**

The OSV sector finds itself in a weakened position following the onset of Covid 19, with demand already close to the lows seen during the last downturn. Although 2021 may eventually offer marginal demand improvement (projected utilization at end 2022 is likely to be 62%), the sector is likely to face continued challenges. Though a slow contraction of the OSV fleet size is likely to continue, it is unlikely that this will be enough to have a significant effect on the supply/demand balance.

**7] SUBSIDIARY / WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY:**

During the year under review there was no Company which became or ceased to be subsidiary / joint venture or associate Company. The Company has two Subsidiaries as detailed below:

**a) Global Offshore Services B.V. - The Netherlands (GOSBV):**

GOSBV continues to go through a turbulent phase amidst the falling demand for Assets in the offshore market.

The revenue from operations for the year was USD 2.20 Mn (Previous Year USD 6.79 mn). Other Income during year was USD 0.46 Mn as against 0.63 mn. Exceptional item stood at USD 50.93 mn as opposed to USD 19.26 mn for the previous year. The profit recorded for the year ended 31st March, 2021 was USD 46.73 mn as against loss of USD 41.09 mn. The profit is due to the exceptional item of write back of loan and interest previously provided.

The restructuring of Loan of one of the Vessel's was completed. Two (2) Vessels taken on bareboat basis were returned back to their owners. The Subsidiary is in discussions with these owners to absolve themselves of all liabilities.

**b) Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd. – Singapore (GOISPL):**

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary GOISPL based in Singapore had NIL operating income. Other income during the year was USD 0.078 Mn as against 0.133 mn for the previous year, mainly as a result of write back of certain expenses. The Company has made a loss of USD 0.038 Mn as against a loss of USD 0.07 mn in the previous year.

There was no activity in GOISPL during the year. The Company is seeking opportunities of revenue generation and aggressively pursuing for recovery of outstanding debts, while at the same time trying to minimize costs.

No qualifications are made by the Auditors' in the Consolidated Auditors' Report to the shareholders. However, the Auditor has laid Emphasis of Matter on the following ‘:

- a] Out of the Foreign Currency Term Loans (FCTL) for Acquisition/ Modification of vessels, an amount of Rs.37,763.93 lakhs are due to State Bank of India (SBI). On account of the default in repayment of installment due and interest, SBI has treated the same as a Non Performing Assets. Subsequently, the bank converted FCTL into rupee loans and proposes to charge higher interest rate. The Company has not accepted the switchover of the loans into rupees and is continuing to provide interest as per the original terms, the amount of interest on rupee loan is not quantifiable.

Management view :

The Company has not accepted the switchover of the said loans from USD to INR and continues to provide interest as per original terms inspite of recent judgments at various fora which strengthen the Company's view that the said Loans and Interest are not payable. Furthermore, gain / (loss) in translation due to fluctuation in Forex rate has been provided for.

- b] The net worth in the financial statements of Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Limited has been eroded and is negative Rs. 2,039.71 lakhs, which may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management view :

Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd. (GOISPL) presently has no business activity. Recurring costs have been minimised to the maximum extent possible. GOISPL is pursuing recovery of outstanding debts.

- c] The net worth in the financial statements of Global Offshore Services B.V has also been eroded and is negative Rs. 24,565.91 lakhs. As per explanation and information given by the management, there is a restructuring plan initiated with the bank which has not been finalized. On account of this fact, this subsidiary is continued to be treated as going concern.

Management view:

There has been a write back of loan liability and outstanding interest of Global Offshore Services B.V. which has effectively reduced the negative net worth from Rs. 603.55 crores in the previous year to Rs.245.66 crores in the current year, which signifies an improvement in Net worth of Rs.357.89 crores. Further write backs of Principal and Interest are also being foreseen. The Company continues to own and operate one Vessel.

- d] We draw attention to Note 27(ii) regarding the Company's subsidiary, Global Offshore Services BV, has not provided interest on loans to the extent of Rs. 1,725.64 lakhs, in view of ongoing discussion with the said Lenders and advice received that these amount may not be payable.

Management view:

In view of the ongoing restructuring exercise in the Company, and in view of the fact that the Company has fully provided interest up to the value of the Guarantee provided to the Lenders by GOSL, it has been decided to provide for the interest (if required) as and when the restructuring discussions are over and the amount "crystallised". In any case no action has been taken by the said lenders for over 3 years and the Vessels have since been sold.

#### **8] VOLUNTARY DE-LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES OF THE COMPANY FROM NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE OF INDIA LIMITED (NSE):**

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 11.11.2020 resolved to Voluntarily delist Equity Shares of the Company from National Stock Exchange of India (NSE).

In compliance of the following requirements viz :

- i) Chapter III- Voluntary Delisting Regulations 6(i)(d) of Securities Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 as amended from time to time (" Delisting Regulations" ) ; and
- ii) A condition laid down in letter No. NSE/LIST/0197 dated 01.03.2021 of the NSE;

the Company hereby discloses that the Equity Shares of the Company are delisted from the National Stock Exchange (NSE).

NSE vide its aforesaid letter informed that the trading in the Securities (Equity) of the Company would be suspended w.e.f. closing hours of trading on 12.03.2021. Further the dealings in the security would be withdrawn (delisted) w.e.f. March 22, 2021, subject to the following condition:

The Company will redress the Investors' Grievances (if any) for a minimum period of one year from the date of delisting.

The Company's Equity Shares continue to be listed on Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE Limited).

#### **9] LISTING FEES TO STOCK EXCHANGE:**

The Company has paid the Listing Fees for the year 2021-22 to BSE Limited.

#### **10] FIXED DEPOSITS:**

During the year under review, no Deposits were accepted under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence the details relating to deposits and details which are not in compliance under Chapter V of the Act are "NOT APPLICABLE".

#### **11] RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:**

The Directors confirm:

- a) That in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and that no material departures (save and except as stated in the Directors' Report) have been made from the same.
- b) That they have selected such Accounting Policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the State of Affairs of the Company at the end of the year and the Loss of the Company for the year ended on 31.03.2021.
- c) That they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safe-guarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- d) That they have prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis.
- e) That they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed and that such financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f) That they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### **12] INSURANCE:**

All the Vessels owned and operated by the Company and its subsidiary have been insured for Hull & Machinery and Protection & Indemnity (P & I) claims.

#### **13] DIRECTORATE:**

Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment. Members are requested to re-elect her as a Director.

The Company has formulated a Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel and the same has been complied with. The Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management is available on the Company's website [www.globaloffshore.in](http://www.globaloffshore.in).

**14] AUDITORS:**

Messrs. D. Kothary & Co. were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years from the conclusion of 39<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting held on 28<sup>th</sup> September, 2017 till the conclusion of 44<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.

There are no Qualifications in the Auditors' Report. However, the Auditors have enumerated "Emphasis of Matter" for the attention of the Shareholders which have been dealt with by the Management.

As regards observations of the Auditors in the **Annexure A** to the Auditors Report, the Board of Directors clarify as follows :

1] Clause ii(a) of Annexure A to the Auditors' Report regarding verification of the physical inventory:

The Board clarifies that Management representatives on the Vessels have carried out the physical verification of the inventories and the same have been confirmed by them. The Auditors have relied on the report of Management since it is impractical for them to carry out physical verification of the inventory as this would also have led to a substantial loss of charter hire, which is something the Company cannot afford.

**15] PERSONNEL:**

The relations with Employees of the Company, both On-Shore and Floating Staff have been cordial. Your Directors wish to express their appreciation of the services rendered by the devoted employees, which has helped the Company to continue operations during these extremely difficult times.

**16] DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES:**

The Company's shares continue to be traded in Electronic Form. As per Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) requirement, 100% of the shares held by the Promoters / Persons Acting in Concert category are in Electronic Form.

**17] ANNUAL RETURN :**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return has been uploaded on the Company's website: [www.globaloffshore.in](http://www.globaloffshore.in) .

**18] STATEMENT OF DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:**

The Independent Directors of the Company viz. Mr. A.K. Thanavala, Mr. S. Y. Mulani and Mrs. Faisy Viju have given a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further all Independent Directors have complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013. Mr. S.Y. Mulani and Mrs. Faisy Viju also appeared for and passed the online proficiency self assessment test for independent directors data bank.

**19] NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS:**

During the year under review, 6 Board Meetings were held as detailed below:

(i) 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020, (ii) 11<sup>th</sup> August, 2020, (iii) 14<sup>th</sup> September, 2020 (iv) 11<sup>th</sup> November, 2020 (v) 16<sup>th</sup> December, 2020 and (vi) 09<sup>th</sup> February, 2021.

**20] BOARD EVALUATION:**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and provision of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015, the Company has put in place a framework for the evaluation of the Board, its Directors, the Chairman and all the Committees, with the approval of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The evaluations for the Directors, the Board and the Committees is carried out through circulation of questionnaires for the Directors, for the Board, for the Chairman of the Board and the Committees, respectively. The performance of the Board is assessed on select parameters related to roles, responsibilities and obligations of the Board, relevance of Board discussions, attention to strategic issues, performance on key areas, providing feedback to Executive Management and assessing the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board. The evaluation criteria for the Directors is based on their participation, contribution, offering guidance to and understanding of the areas which were relevant to them in their capacity as members of the Board. The evaluation criteria for the Chairman of the Board, besides the general criteria adopted for assessment of all Directors, focuses on leadership abilities, effective management of meetings and preservation of the interest of stakeholders. The evaluation of the Committees is based on the assessment of the clarity with which the mandate of the Committee is defined, effective discharge of the terms and reference of the Committees and assessment of effectiveness of contribution of the Committee's deliberation / recommendations to the functioning / decisions of the Board. The overall performance evaluation process was completed to the satisfaction of the Board.

**21] FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMME FOR DIRECTORS:**

At the time of appointment on the Board, each Independent Director is issued a formal letter of appointment, which inter alia explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected of him/her as a Director of the Company. All the Directors have been provided with a deep insight into the business of the Company including the working of the subsidiaries. Vessel-wise details have also been furnished to them. The Directors have also received a detailed explanation on the Compliances required from him/her under the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other relevant regulations and affirmation taken with respect to the same.

**22] DETAILS OF LOANS GRANTED / INVESTMENTS MADE / GUARANTEES PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 186 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013 :**

The details of the Loans/Investment/Guarantees, during the year under review is enclosed as **Annexure A**.

**23] PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENT WITH RELATED PARTIES:**

The details of contracts/arrangement with related parties is enclosed as **Annexure B**.

**24] STATEMENT ON DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF RISKS MANAGEMENT POLICY:**

Risk Management is a key aspect of the "Corporate Governance Principles and Code of Conduct" which aims to improve the governance practices across all Company activities. Risk management policy and processes will enable the Company to proactively manage uncertainty and changes in both internal and external environments in an attempt to capitalize on opportunities and limit negative impacts.

The risk management policy of the Company identifies, evaluates, monitors and minimises identifiable risks.

**25] CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):**

During the year under review, the Company did not undertake any CSR activity. Kindly refer to **Annexure C**.

**26] SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS:**

There was no significant and material order passed by Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the future operations or the "going concern" status of the Company.

**27] INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL:**

In the opinion of Board of Directors, there is adequate Internal Financial Control with respect to the preparation and presentation of the Financial statements which form a part of this Annual Report.

**28] SECRETARIAL AUDITOR:**

The Board has appointed Mr. Rajkumar Tiwari, FCS as Secretarial Auditor.

The Secretarial Auditor carried out Secretarial Audit and submitted his Report pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 enclosed as **Annexure D** to the Directors' Report.

In his Report, the Secretarial Auditor has given the following observation:

- 1) ***On verification of Corporate Governance Report submitted by the company for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 it was observed that the company had not complied with regulation 19(1)/(2) of Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements Regulations, 2015 for which National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) Levied a fine of Rs. 21,240/- vide e-mail dated 03rd July, 2020.***

***Further the Company had paid the fine within the prescribed time period and also informed Stock Exchange of the corrective action initiated in this regard.***

The Board clarifies that :

Upon the resignation of Mr. J. C. Chopra, member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee (N & R Comm), the Company was in the process of appointing another member to the N & R Comm by 10<sup>th</sup> January, 2021. However, in view of the latest requirement of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder which mandates registration of Independent Director as also passing of the Exam for qualifying as Independent Director, it became extremely difficult for Company to appoint another member within the required time. However, after rigorous search, the Company appointed Mrs. Faisy Viju as member of N & R Comm w.e.f. 10/01/2020.

**29] DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:**

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary) are covered under the policy.

No sexual harassment complaints were received during the year.

**30] CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:**

A separate report on Corporate Governance along with the Auditors' Certificate on its compliance is given separately in the Annual Report.

**31] CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:**

The required details are enclosed as **Annexure E**.

**32] SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES :**

During the year under review, there were no Companies which became or ceased to be a subsidiary, joint venture or an associate Company.



**33] DETAILS RELATING TO REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND EMPLOYEES:**

The information required under Section 197 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of the Company and Directors is furnished as **Annexure – F**.

**34] DETAILS OF DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL / SR. MANAGEMENT APPOINTED OR RESIGNED DURING THE YEAR:**

There was no change in Directors and Key Managerial Personnel during the year.

**35) ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:**

The Board wishes to thank the Office of Directorate General of Shipping, Mercantile Marine Department, Shipping Master, IRS, and State Bank of India for their continued support and co-operation during the year.

By order of the Board

Sd/-

**ADITYA A. GARWARE**  
**CHAIRMAN**  
DIN: 00019816

Place : Mumbai  
Dated : 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021.

**ANNEXURE - A TO DIRECTORS' REPORT**

**Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments made in Equity Shares under Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013 during the Financial Year 01<sup>st</sup> April, 2020 - to 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021.**

SR. NO.	DATE	NAME OF PARTY	LOAN (AMOUNT IN USD)	GUARANTEE (AMOUNT IN USD)	INVESTMENT IN EQUITY (AMOUNT IN USD)
NIL					

By order of the Board

Sd/-

**ADITYA A. GARWARE**  
**CHAIRMAN**  
DIN: 00019816

Place : Mumbai  
Dated : 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021.

**ANNEXURE – B TO DIRECTORS' REPORT**

**FORM NO. AOC.2**

**Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section(1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto.**

**(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014).**

1.	Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis.	
(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship.	NIL
(b)	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions.	NIL
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions.	NIL
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any.	NIL
(e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions.	NIL
(f)	Date(s) of approval by the Board.	NIL
(g)	Amount paid as advances, if any.	NIL
(h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188.	NIL
2.	Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis.	
(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship.	NIL
(b)	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions.	NIL
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions.	NIL
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any.	NIL
(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any.	NIL
(f)	Amount paid as advances, if any.	NIL.

By order of the Board

Sd/-

**ADITYA A. GARWARE**  
**CHAIRMAN**  
DIN: 00019816

Place : Mumbai  
Dated : 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021.

## ANNEXURE “C” TO DIRECTORS’ REPORT.

### REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES.

1.	Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.	<p>The Company strives to actively contribute to the Social and Economic development of the community in which it operates.</p> <p>The Company will undertake all or any of the activities specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time &amp; other activities enumerated in its CSR policy. Kindly refer CSR policy of the Company at <a href="http://www.globaloffshore.in">www.globaloffshore.in</a>.</p>
----	---	---

2. Composition of CSR Committee:				
Sr. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
i)	Mr. M.M. Honkan	Whole-Time Director	NIL	NIL
ii)	Mr. S.Y. Mulani	Independent Director	NIL	NIL
iii)	Mrs. Faisy Viju	Independent Director	NIL	NIL

3.	Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.	<a href="http://www.globaloffshore.in">www.globaloffshore.in</a>
4.	Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).	N.A.
5.	Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any.	N.A.

Sl. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs)	Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in Rs)
N.A.			

6.	Average net loss of the company as per section 135(5).	Rs. (5127.03) Lakhs.
7.	(a) Two percent of average net loss of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. (102.54) Lakhs
	(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years.	NIL
	(c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any.	NIL
	(d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c).	NIL

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year: Not Applicable.

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year, (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.
-----					

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: Not Applicable.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Sl. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities In Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No).	Location of the project.		Project duration.	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent in the current financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).	Mode of Implementation Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of Implementation -Through Implementing Agency	
				State.	District.						Name	CSR Registration number.
-----												

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against *other than ongoing projects* for the financial year: Not Applicable.

(1) Sl. No.	(2) Name of the Project	(3) Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	(4) Local area (Yes/ No).	(5) Location of the project.		(6) Amount spent for the project (in Rs.).	(7) Mode of implementation Direct (Yes/No).	(8) Mode of implementation -Through implementing agency.	
				State.	District.			Name.	CSR registration number.
-----									

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads : ----

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable : ----

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year : ----

(8b+8c+8d+8e)

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any : Not Applicable

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	----
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	----
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	----
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	----
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	----

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Not Applicable.

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years, (in Rs.)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer.	
-----							

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for *ongoing projects* of the preceding financial year(s): Not Applicable.

(1) Sl. No.	(2) Project ID.	(3) Name of the Project.	(4) Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	(5) Project duration.	(6) Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	(7) Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).	(8) Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year, (in Rs.)	(9) Status of the project Completed / Ongoing.
-----								

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year

**(asset-wise details).**

- (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s). : N.A.
- (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset. : N.A.
- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc. : N.A.
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset). : N.A.

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5) :

In view of losses incurred by the Company and the non-repayment of debt, the Company did not spend on CSR.

Sd/-  
(Chief Executive Officer or  
Managing Director or Director).

Sd/-  
(Chairman CSR Committee).

## ANNEXURE - D TO DIRECTORS' REPORT FORM NO. MR-3

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021

*Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel Rules) 2014*

To,  
The Members,  
**Global Offshore Services Limited**  
101, Swapna Bhoomi, "A" Wing,  
S.K. Bole Road, Dadar - (West),  
Mumbai-400028

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Global Offshore Services Limited (CIN:L61100MH1976PLC019229)** (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conduct/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-Processes and compliances- mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on **31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") including amendments thereof and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA") and the rules made thereunder ;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act"):-
  - a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);**
  - d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);**
  - e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);**
  - f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);**
  - g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
  - h) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);**
  - i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- (vi) Specific laws applicable as mentioned hereunder:
  - a) The Merchant Shipping Act, 1958;
  - b) The Seamen's Provident Fund Act.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of Secretarial Standards 1 and 2, issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Board and General Meetings under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

During the year under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above except

- 1) ***On verification of Corporate Governance Report submitted by the company for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 it was observed that the company had not complied with regulation 19(1)/(2) of Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements Regulations, 2015 for which National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) Levied a fine of Rs. 21,240/- vide e-mail dated 03rd July, 2020.***

***Further the Company had paid the fine within the prescribed time period and also informed Stock Exchange of the corrective action initiated in this regard.***

**I further report that**

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The Changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act except mentioned above in point no.1.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Resolutions have been approved by majority while the dissenting members', if any, views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

**I further report that** there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

**I further report that** during the year under review the company has passed following Special Resolutions by taking shareholders approval through Postal Ballot on 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2021:

- (1) Sale of fixed assets to any person/body corporate pursuant to the provisions of Section 180(1)(a) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (2) Sale of equity shares in the company's subsidiary viz. Global Offshore Services B.V., The Netherlands pursuant to regulation 24 and other applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, applicable provisions of the Foreign Exchange & Management Act and rules framed thereunder, Section 110 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**I further report that** during the year under review the company has voluntarily delisted its equity shares from the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) w.e.f. 22<sup>nd</sup> March, 2021 pursuant to Chapter III, Regulations 6 & 7 of Securities Exchange Board of India (De-Listing of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009.

**I further report that** during the audit period there were no instances of (i) Public/ Rights/ Preferential issue of Shares / Debentures / Sweat Equity, (ii) Buy-back of securities, (iii) Redemption of Preference shares/ Debentures, (iv)Merger/Amalgamation/ reconstruction etc.(v)Foreign technical collaborations.

Signature:

sd/-

**CS Rajkumar R. Tiwari**

Company Secretary in Practice

FCS No. 4227 C.P. No. 2400

**UDIN:** F004227C000736816

Place : Mumbai

Date : August 04, 2021

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of this report.

**Annexure-A**

To,  
The Members,  
**Global Offshore Services Limited**  
101, Swapna Bhoomi, "A" Wing,  
S.K. Bole Road, Dadar - (West),  
Mumbai-400028.

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The Compliance of the Provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Signature:

sd/-

**CS Rajkumar R. Tiwari**

Company Secretary in Practice

FCS No. 4227 C.P. No. 2400

Place: Mumbai

Date : August 04, 2021

**ANNEXURE – E TO DIRECTORS’ REPORT**

STATEMENT REGARDING CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO AS REQUIRED UNDER CLAUSE (M) OF SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 IN THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014.

Item No.	Particulars	
<b>A.</b>	<b>CONSERVATION OF ENERGY</b>	
(a)	Steps taken and impact on conservation of Energy.	Being a Shipping Company, taking of energy Conservation steps does not arise and the impact is Not Applicable.
(b)	Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy.	NIL
(c)	The capital investment on energy conservation on equipments	NIL
<b>B.</b>	<b>TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION</b>	
(i)	Efforts made towards technology absorption.	NIL
(ii)	Benefits derived like Product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution etc.	NIL
(iii)	In case of imported technology (imported during the last 5 years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) following information may be furnished.	NIL
	a) Technology Imported.	
	b) Year of Import.	
	c) Has technology been fully absorbed?	
	d) If not fully absorbed, Areas where absorption has not taken place and reasons thereof.	
(iv)	Expenditure on R & D	NIL
<b>C.</b>	<b>FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO</b>	
(a)	Foreign exchange earned in terms of actual inflow (on account of charter hire earnings and interest etc.).	<b>Rs. 3341.37 Lacs</b>
(b)	Foreign exchange outgo in terms of actual outflow. Operating expenses and interest payment etc.	<b>Rs. 2006.29 Lacs</b>

By order of the Board

Sd/-

Place : Mumbai  
Dated : 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021.

**ADITYA A. GARWARE**  
**CHAIRMAN**  
**DIN: 00019816**

**ANNEXURE – F TO DIRECTORS’ REPORT**

Information pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

- i] The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2020-2021:

Name of Director	Ratio of remuneration to median remuneration of Employees
Mr. M. M. Honkan – Whole Time Director	7.68 : 1

- ii] The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary in the financial year 2020-2021:

Name of Key Managerial Personnel:	% increase in remuneration in the financial year.
Mr. M. M. Honkan – Whole Time Director	7
Mr. A. C. Chandarana – Company Secretary, President – Legal & Admin.	10
Mr. P. S. Shah – Chief Financial Officer.	9

- iii] The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year : 11% on an annualized basis.
- iv] The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company : 30 as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021.
- v] Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the Managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the Managerial remuneration and justification thereof and any exceptional circumstances if any, for increase in the Managerial remuneration:
- Average increase in remuneration of employees excluding KMPs: 11% on an annualized basis.
  - Average decrease in remuneration of KMPs: NIL.
  - KMP salary increases are decided based on the Company’s performance, individual performance, inflation, prevailing industry trends and benchmarks:
- vi] Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

The Company affirms that remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

- vii] Details of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the financial year 2020-21:

Sr. No.	Name of Employee & Designation.	Salary drawn during the year Rs. in Lakhs	Remarks
1.	Mr. M. M. Honkan – Whole-Time Director	49.59	-----
2.	Mr. K. S. Dave – President (Commercial)	50.71	-----
3.	Mr. A. C. Chandarana – Company Secretary – President – Legal & Admin.	46.10	-----
4.	Mr. P. S. Shah – Chief Financial Officer.	42.91	-----
5.	Mr. S. Kanwar – President – Operations & HSSE	39.37	-----
6.	Mr. V. V. Vibhute – President - Technical	38.54	
7.	Mr. V. S. Shirke – Asst. General Manager – HSSE & Training.	15.18	
8.	Mr. P. T. Malap – General Manager – Accounts.	12.51	-----
9.	Mrs. B. M. Khambe – Manager – Business Development	12.15	-----
10.	Mr. M. S. Kudalkar – Senior Manager – HR & Admin.	11.21	-----
11.	Mr. B. R. Tripathy – President – Technical	2.48	Part of the year

- viii] Statement of particulars of employees pursuant to the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

There is no employee whose salary exceeded Rs.8.50 Lakhs per month or Rs.1.02 Crore p.a.

By order of the Board  
Sd/-

Place : Mumbai  
Dated : 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021.

**ADITYA A. GARWARE**  
**CHAIRMAN**  
**DIN: 00019816**

## REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### 1. STATEMENT ON COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE:

Corporate Governance encompasses a set of systems and practices to ensure that the Company's affairs are being managed in a manner which ensures accountability, transparency and fairness in all transactions in widest sense.

### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

During the year under review, the Board of the Company comprised of Professionally Well-Qualified Individuals and consisted of six Members. Mr. Aditya Garware, is the Non Executive Chairman and Mr. M.M. Honkan is Whole-Time Director. Except for Mr. M.M. Honkan, all Directors are Non-Executive Directors.

During the year under review six Board Meetings were held as detailed below. The maximum time gap between two Board Meetings did not exceed four months.

Sr. No.	Dates of the Meeting
i)	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2020
ii)	11 <sup>th</sup> August, 2020
iii)	14 <sup>th</sup> September, 2020
iv)	11 <sup>th</sup> November, 2020
v)	16 <sup>th</sup> December, 2020
vi)	09 <sup>th</sup> February, 2021

Name of Directors	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Attendance at last AGM	Category of Director	No. of other Committee Directorship		No. of other Directorships	No. of Shares held.
				Chairman	Member		
Mr. Aditya Garware Chairman	6	Yes	Promoter – Non Whole Time Director	-	1	8 *	7,83,703
Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	6	Yes	Promoter – Non- Whole Time Director	-	-	4	1,20,988
Mr. A. K. Thanavala	6	Yes	Independent Director	-	-	-	100
Mr. S. Y. Mulani	6	Yes	Independent Director	-	-	-	-
Mrs. Faisy Viju	6	Yes	Independent Director	-	-	1	-
Mr. M. M. Honkan	6	Yes	Whole-Time Director	-	-	-	1,000

\*includes Directorship of one Listed Company viz. Garware Marine Industries Ltd., - Non Executive Promoter Director.

Mr. Aditya A. Garware and Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah are related to each other. None of the other Directors are related to each other or to Mr. Aditya A. Garware and Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah.

As stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, no Director is a Member of more than 10 Committees or a Chairman of more than 5 Committees across all the Companies in which he is a Director. (Committees being Audit Committee and the Shareholders' Grievance Committee only).

### 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

#### Composition :

The Company's Board of Directors has constituted an Audit Committee comprising of Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The members of this Committee are well versed with finance & accounts / legal matters and general business practices. The members of the Audit Committee are Mr. A. K. Thanavala, Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah, Mr. S.Y. Mulani and Mrs. Faisy Viju.

Mr. A. K. Thanavala acts as Chairman of the Committee.

Mr. A. C. Chandarana - Company Secretary, President – Legal & Admin. acts as Secretary to the Committee.

#### Terms of Reference:

The Committee's composition meets with the requirements of Section 177 of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Members of Audit Committee possess financial / accounting expertise / exposure.

#### i) Power of Audit Committee:

- To investigate any activity within its terms of reference.
- To seek information from any employee.
- To obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if considered necessary.



ii) **Role of Audit Committee:**

1. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
2. Recommendation for appointment of auditors of the company including payment of remuneration and other terms;
3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by them;
4. Reviewing (with the management if required), the Annual Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - a. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
  - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
  - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
  - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
  - e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
  - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions.
  - g. Qualifications in the draft audit report.
5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
6. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of use/application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take steps in this matter;
7. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
8. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
9. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
10. Valuation of undertaking or assets of the Company, whenever necessary;
11. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems; &
12. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;

**Meetings:**

**Five Audit Committee Meetings were held during the financial year 2020-2021 as detailed below: -**

Date of Audit Committee Meetings	Names of the Members of Audit Committee & Attendance			
	Mr. A. K. Thanavala (Chairman)	Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	Mr. S.Y. Mulani	Mrs. Faisy Viju
30.06.2020	√	√	√	√
11.08.2020	√	√	√	√
14.09.2020	√	√	√	√
11.11.2020	√	√	√	√
09.02.2021	√	√	√	√

**4. NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors comprises of three Independent Directors namely; Mr. A. K. Thanavala as Chairman, Mr. S.Y. Mulani & Mrs. Faisy Viju as Committee Members.

**The broad terms of reference of the Committee includes :**

- To lay down criteria and terms and conditions with regard to identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors (Executive and Non-Executive) and persons who may be appointed in Senior Management and Key Managerial positions and to determine their remuneration.
- To determine remuneration based on the Company's size and financial position and trends and practices on remuneration prevailing in peer companies, in similar industries as that of the Company.
- To carry out evaluation of the performance of Directors, as well as Key Managerial and Senior Management Personnel.
- To provide employees rewards linked directly to their effort, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Company's operations.
- To retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.

**Meetings:**

**One Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meeting was held during the financial year 2020-2021 as detailed below: -**

Date of Meeting	Names of the Members of N & R-Committee & Attendance		
	Mr. A. K. Thanavala (Chairman)	Mr. S. Y. Mulani	Mrs. Faisy Viju
11.11.2020	√	√	√

**5. REMUNERATION PAID TO NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:**

**A. Board Meeting Fees:**

Sitting Fee paid to Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors for attending Meetings of the Board of Directors was increased to Rs.25,000/- (from Rs.20,000/-) during the year for each meeting attended by them.

**B. Committee Meeting Fees:**

Sitting Fee for Meetings of Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Credit / Borrowing Committee Meetings attended was increased to Rs.6,000/- (from Rs.5,000/-) during the year for each meeting of the Committee attended by the Members.

**C. Consultancy Fees:**

Mr. Aditya A. Garware & Mrs. Faisy Viju were paid Consultancy Fees of Rs.85,50,000/- & Rs.3,20,000/- respectively.

**D. The total Sitting Fees paid to Non-Executive Directors during the year are as follows:**

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Sitting Fees Rs.
1.	Mr. A. A. Garware	1,30,000.00
2.	Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	1,56,000.00
3.	Mr. A. K. Thanavala	1,86,000.00
4.	Mr. S. Y. Mulani	1,86,000.00
5.	Mrs. Faisy Viju	1,86,000.00
Total		8,44,000.00

Kindly refer to the Company's website: [www.globaloffshore.in](http://www.globaloffshore.in) for the Nomination & Remuneration Policy.

**6. REMUNERATION PAID TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR:**

Mr. M. M. Honkan was paid remuneration as per details given below:

PARTICULARS	Amount (Rs.)
Salary	4,775,900.00
Leave Encashment	-
Meal Coupons	30,000.00
Medical	-
PF	153,000.00
Monetary Value Of Perquisites	NIL
Stock Option	NIL
Sweat Equity	NIL
Commission	NIL
- as % of profit	NIL
- others, specify	NIL
Total	<b>4,958,900.00</b>

**7. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:**

The Members of the said Committee are Mr. Aditya A. Garware, Mr. S. Y. Mulani and Mr. M. M. Honkan.

Mr. S. Y. Mulani acts as Chairman of the Committee.

Mr. A. C. Chandarana – Company Secretary, President – Legal & Admin. acts as Compliance Officer.

No. of Shareholders complaints received during the year : 2

No. of complaints solved to the satisfaction of the Shareholders : 2

No. of pending complaints: 0

**8. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:**

**The details of the date, time and location for the last three Annual General Meetings (AGM) are as follows:**

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location
2019 -2020	25 <sup>th</sup> September, 2020.	12.00 Noon	By Video Conferencing.
2018-2019	27 <sup>th</sup> September, 2019.	11:00 A.M.	"Garware Sabhagriha", F.P.H. Building, Lala Lajpatrai Marg, Haji Ali, Mumbai - 400 034.
2017-2018	11 <sup>th</sup> September, 2018.	11:00 A.M.	"Garware Sabhagriha", F.P.H. Building, Lala Lajpatrai Marg, Haji Ali, Mumbai - 400 034.

**The details of Special Resolution passed in previous three Annual General Meeting are as follows :**

- a) At the AGM held on 25.09.2020: NIL
- b) At the AGM held on 27.09.2019: NIL
- c) At the AGM held on 11.09.2018 :
  - Re-appointment of Mr. A.K. Thanavala as Independent Director w.e.f. 01.04.2019 for 5 years
  - Re-appointment of Mr. J. C. Chopra as Independent Director w.e.f. 01.04.2019 for 5 years

**Postal Ballot:**

During the year a Postal Ballot was used for the following Special Resolutions:

- i) Sale of Fixed Assets of the Company to any Person / Body Corporate
- ii) Sale of Investment made by the Company in the Equity Shares of Subsidiary Company.

Messrs. Taher Sapatwala & Associates - Company Secretaries (represented by Mr. Taher S. Sapatwala – Practising Company Secretary) was appointed as Scrutinizer for conducting the Postal Ballot proceedings.

**Procedure for Postal Ballot :**

The Scrutinizer followed procedures for conducting the Postal Ballot in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed under the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time and the circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time in this regard.

Further there is no item on the agenda of the ensuing Annual General Meeting that needs approval by Postal Ballot.

**9. DISCLOSURE / CONFIRMATION:**

- a) There were no related Party Transactions, which had potential conflict with the interest of the Company.
- b) There has been no instance of non-compliance by the Company on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years. No penalty or strictures have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority during F.Y. 2020-21, except for a penalty of Rs. 18,000/- plus GST which was paid to the stock exchange for delay in complying with the provisions of Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015.
- c) No person has been denied access to the Audit Committee to report concerns about unethical behavior under the Whistle Blower Policy.
- d) The Statutory Auditors' certificate on compliance of the Corporate Governance requirement is enclosed.
- e) Weblinks :
  - i] Policy for determining "material" subsidiaries is disclosed; www.globaloffshore.in.
  - ii] Policy on dealing with related party transactions www.globaloffshore.in.
  - iii] Details of familiarization programs imparted to Independent Director : www.globaloffshore.in
- f) Disclosure of Commodity Price risk and Commodity hedging activities : Not Applicable.
- g) There are no Shares of the Company lying in Demat Suspense Account/ Unclaimed Suspense Account.
- h) No funds were raised through Preferential Allotment during the year under review.
- i) The Company has complied with Corporate Governance Requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Sub-Regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and paragraphs C, D & E of Schedule V as applicable of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015.
- j) The Board confirm that the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 and are independent of the Management.
- k) There is no instance, where the Board of Directors had not accepted any recommendation of any Committee of Directors which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year.
- l) No complaints were filed during the year in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at work place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

**10. AUDIT FEES DETAILS :**

During the year fees paid for all services provided by the Statutory Auditors are as follows :

Sr. No.	Particulars	Rs. in Lakhs
1.	Statutory Fees.	15.00
2	Certification charges.	0.20
	TOTAL	15.20

**11. CHART / MATRIX SETTING OUT THE SKILLS /EXPERTISE / COMPETENCE OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS :**

The Board has identified the following skill set with reference to its business and industry which are available with the Board:

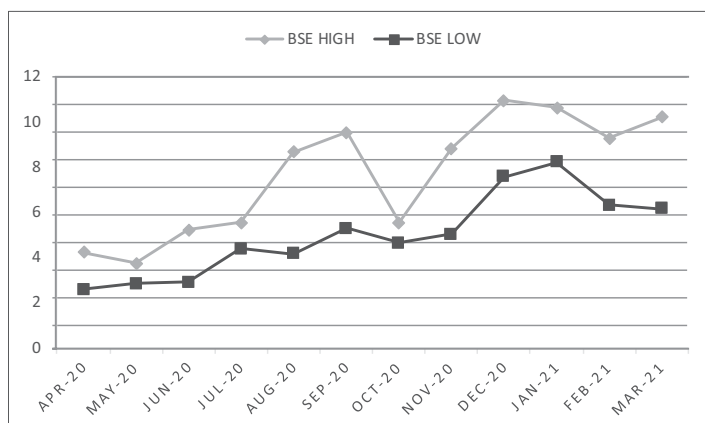
Name of the Director	Designation	Skills/ Expertise in specific functional area
Mr. Aditya A. Garware	Chairman, Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	Industrialist, Offshore and Shipping services domain, Business Strategy, Financial and Corporate Management
Mrs. Maneesha S. Shah	Non-Independent / Non Executive Director.	Legal & Administration.
Mr. A. K. Thanavala	Independent Director	Legal, Secretarial and Finance.
Mr. S.Y. Mulani	Independent Director	Legal - Practicing Lawyer at High Court & other Courts.
Mrs. Faisy Viju	Independent Director	Human Resource Development
Mr. M. M. Honkan	Whole-Time Director	Finance & Business.

**12. NO DISQUALIFICATION CERTIFICATE FROM COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE :**

A Certificate from K.V. Rao & Co. Practicing Company Secretary, has been obtained confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Board / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority as stipulated under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

**13. SHARE PRICE – HIGH AND LOW ON THE BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE LTD. FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2021**

Month	BSE	
	HIGH	LOW
April 2020	4.25	2.60
May 2020	3.75	2.86
June 2020	5.25	2.92
July 2020	5.56	4.40
August 2020	8.67	4.19
September 2020	9.55	5.32
October 2020	5.55	4.66
November 2020	8.83	5.05
December 2020	10.98	7.60
January 2021	10.65	8.22
February 2021	9.28	6.34
March 2021	10.22	6.18



**14. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION**

<b>43<sup>rd</sup> AGM</b>	
<b>Date</b>	Wednesday, 29 <sup>th</sup> September, 2021
<b>Time /Venue</b>	11.00 am. / AGM by Video Conferencing.
<b>Financial Year</b>	The Company follows April-March as its financial year. The Unaudited results for every quarter/s, June, Sept. Dec. are declared within 45 days of the end of the quarter, except in view of Pandemic Covid 19, where the Company has / may declare results within the extended period granted by the relevant authorities.  The Audited Results for the last quarter is declared within 60 days of the end of the financial year.
<b>Dividend Payment Date</b>	N.A.
<b>Corporate Identification No.</b>	L61100MH1976PLC019229.
<b>Listing on Stock Exchanges</b>	The Company's shares are presently listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. (BSE) only. The Company's shares were delisted from the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) w.e.f. 12.03.2021.  The Company has paid Listing fees for the year 2021-22 to BSE.
<b>Stock Code</b>	1. Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.- <b>501848</b> 2. The National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. – <b>GLOBOFFS</b> (Delisted with effect from 12.03.2021).
<b>Demat ISIN Number for NSDL &amp; CDSL</b>	INE 446C01013
<b>Registrar and Transfer Agents</b>	Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. 01 <sup>st</sup> Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building, Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri (East), MUMBAI – 400 059, Tel.: 022 62638200 (Board Line) Email: info@bigshareonline.com Website: www.bigshareonline.com

<b>Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance Report</b>	As required under the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, the Auditors' certificate is given as an Annexure to the Corporate Governance Report.
<b>Distribution of Shareholding &amp; Category-wise distribution</b>	Please Refer Annexure A
<b>Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity</b>	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021, 97.29% of total paid up Equity Capital has been Dematerialised. 100% of the shares held by Promoters are in demat mode.
<b>Share Transfer System.</b>	Fortnightly.
<b>The Quarterly Unaudited Financial Results were published in</b>	English – Free Press Journal Marathi – Nav Shakti Website : <a href="http://www.globaloffshore.in">www.globaloffshore.in</a>
<b>GDRS / ADRS</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Plant Location</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Address for Correspondence</b>	Global Offshore Services Ltd. 101, Swapnabhoomi, "A" Wing, S.K. Bole Road, Dadar (West), Mumbai – 400 028. Tel : 022-2423 4000 Fax: 022-2436 2764 Email : <a href="mailto:investorredressal@globaloffshore.in">investorredressal@globaloffshore.in</a>
<b>Email address for Investor Complaints</b>	<a href="mailto:investorredressal@globaloffshore.in">investorredressal@globaloffshore.in</a> / <a href="mailto:secretarial@globaloffshore.in">secretarial@globaloffshore.in</a>

**15. CREDIT RATINGS :**

The details of Credit Ratings are as follows :

Sr. No.	Bank	Facility	Scale	Ratings
<b>A.</b>	<b>FUND BASE :</b>			
1.	State Bank of India	Term Loan	Long Term	ACUITE D
2.	State Bank of India	Cash Credit	Long Term	ACUITE D
3.	Punjab National Bank	Cash Credit	Long Term	ACUITE C
<b>B.</b>	<b>NON-FUND BASE :</b>			
1.	Punjab National Bank	Bank Guarantee	Short Term	ACUITE A4
2.	Punjab National Bank	Letter of Credit	Short Term	ACUITE A4
3.	State Bank of India	Bank Guarantee	Long Term	ACUITE D

**There was no change in the Credit Rating during the year.**

**16. CEO/ CFO CERTIFICATION:**

The Company has obtained from the Whole Time Director and Chief Financial Officer, a Certificate Pursuant to Provision of Part D of Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015.

**17. CODE OF CONDUCT:**

The Company has prescribed and affirmed Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors and Senior Management of the Company. A Declaration duly signed by Chairman is obtained by the Company.

By order of the Board

Sd/-

**ADITYA A. GARWARE**  
**CHAIRMAN**  
**DIN: 00019816**

Place : Mumbai

Dated : 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021.

**ANNEXURE - 'A'**

THE DISTRIBUTION OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDING AS ON 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2021 IS AS FOLLOWS:

NO. OF EQUITY SHARES HELD	NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS	% OF TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS	NO. OF SHARES	% OF TOTAL PAID-UP CAPITAL
1 - 500	17482	86.51	2132759	8.62
501-1000	1204	5.96	985691	3.99
1001-2000	696	3.44	1050811	4.25
2001-3000	231	1.14	596261	2.41
3001-4000	141	0.70	507196	2.05
4001-5000	106	0.53	495738	2.00
5001 -10000	174	0.86	1299574	5.26
10001 - 99999999	174	0.86	17660763	71.42
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>20208</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>24728793</b>	<b>100</b>

SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2021 IS AS FOLLOWS :

Sr. No	Category	No. of Shares held.	% of Total Paid up Capital
<b>A)</b>	<b>Promoters Holding (including Persons/Corporations Acting in Concert with Promoters)</b>		
	• Individuals/HUFs	17,42,587	7.05
	• Bodies Corporates (Holding Co./Subsidiaries & Affiliates)	45,14,236	18.25
	• Individuals (NRI)	7,83,703	3.17
	• Foreign Promoters/Bodies Corporates	11,90,745	4.82
	<b>Total – Promoters Holding</b>	<b>82,31,271</b>	<b>33.29</b>
<b>B)</b>	<b>Non-Promoters Holding</b>		
	1. Institutional Investors :		
	a. GIC & Subsidiaries	12,56,940	5.08
	b. Banks	10,550	0.05
	c. State Government	160	0.00
	d. Mutual Funds	30,050	0.12
	<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>12,97,700</b>	<b>5.25</b>
	2. Foreign Holding :		
	a. FII's/Foreign Portfolio Investors	1,41,927	0.57
	b. NRIs	6,03,313	2.44
	<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>7,45,240</b>	<b>3.01</b>
	3. Other Bodies Corporates	17,81,354	7.20
	4. Indian Public	1,19,08,878	48.16
	5. Others-Trusts	4,60,186	1.86
	6. IEPF	3,04,164	1.23
	<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>1,44,54,582</b>	<b>58.45</b>
	<b>Total – Non Promoters Holding</b>	<b>1,64,97,522</b>	<b>66.71</b>
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>2,47,28,793</b>	<b>100.00</b>

NOTE :

Total Foreign Shareholding (NRIs) is 27,19,688 shares i.e. 11%.

**Auditor's Certificate on Compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance under SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015**

To,

The Members,

**Global Offshore Services Limited**

1. We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **Global Offshore Services Limited** ('the Company'), for the year ended March 31, 2021, as per Regulation 17 to 27, Clause (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Paragraph C, D, and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations').

**Managements' Responsibility**

2. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance in the SEBI Listing Regulations.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

3. Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementations thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statement of the Company.
4. We conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes (Revised 2016) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
5. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

**Opinion**

6. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us and based on the representations made by the Directors and Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulation 17 to 27, Clause (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Paragraph C, D, and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, as applicable.
7. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**Restrictions on use**

This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of complying with the aforesaid Regulations and may not be suitable for any other purpose.

**For D. Kothary & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Sd/- (Digitally)

**Mehul N. Patel**

(Partner)

Membership No. 132650

**UDIN: 21132650AAAAFY2402**

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13<sup>th</sup> August 2021

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

**Global Offshore Services Limited**

**Report on the Audit of the Standalone financial Statements**

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Global Offshore Services Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2021, the loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows and for the year ended on that date.

### Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There are no key audit matters to be disclosed.

### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following point: -

Out of the Foreign Currency Term Loans (FCTL) for Acquisition/ Modification of vessels and foreign currency working capital facility, an amount of Rs. 37,763.93 lakhs are due to State Bank of India (SBI). On account of the default in repayment of installment due and interest, SBI has treated the same as a Non Performing Assets. Subsequently, the bank has converted FCTL into rupee loans and proposes to charge higher interest rate. The Company has not accepted the switchover of the loans into rupees and is continuing to provide interest as per the original terms, the amount of interest on rupee loan is not quantifiable.

Our report is not modified in respect of the above matter.

### Information Other than the Standalone financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report, Corporate Governance Report, and Shareholder Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Management Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the standalone financial position, standalone financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal standalone financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's standalone financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal standalone financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal standalone financial controls over standalone financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
  - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March, 2021 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
  - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its standalone financial position in its standalone financial statements.
    - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
    - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2021.

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 30th June, 2021

Membership No. 132650  
UDIN: 21132650AAAAFG3922

## Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of the Company of even date)

- i. In respect of its fixed assets:
  - a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
  - b) As explained to us, all the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- ii. In respect of its inventories
  - a) We are unable to attend the physical inventory count at the year end to determine the actual quantity of the inventory included in the standalone financial statement due to the impracticality to attend the physical inventory count at the end of the standalone financial year. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the procedures of physical verification of inventories followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the company and the nature of its business.
  - b) The Company has maintained proper records of inventories. As explained to us, there was no material discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to the book records.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits during the year and therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the company and hence clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:
  - a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Custom Duty and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
  - b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Custom Duty and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31st March 2021, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues of Sales Tax, Value Added Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Withholding Taxes, Provident Fund, and Employees' State Insurance, Cess pending to be deposited on account of any disputes pending with various forums.
- viii. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has defaulted in repayment of dues to a bank during the year. Following are the details of the default days for the Standalone financial Year 2020-21 in repayment of dues:

Name of the Bank	Default of Principal Amount		Default of Interest Amount	
	Less than 365 Days	More than 365 Days	Less than 365 Days	More than 365 Days
State Bank of India	5,144.10 Lakhs	16,964.60 Lakhs	1,635.74 Lakhs	7,667.83 Lakhs
Axis Bank	-	1,272.85 Lakhs	62.11 Lakhs	153.62 Lakhs

- ix. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year and hence, clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- x. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii. In our opinion the Company is not a Nidhi company and hence, clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence, clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and covered under section 192 of the Act and hence, clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner

Membership No. 132650  
UDIN: 21132650AAAAFG3922

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 30th June, 2021

## Annexure - B

### To the Independent Auditor's Report on the Standalone Financial Statements of Global Offshore Services Limited

#### Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Global Offshore Services Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2021, in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 30th June, 2021

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN: 21132650AAAAFG3922

## Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>1 Non-current assets</b>			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	5	45,278.88	45,132.83
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments			
(a) Investments in subsidiaries	6A	11,332.10	11,332.10
(b) Other investments	6B	5.95	2.87
(ii) Loans	7	-	-
(iii) Other financial assets	8A	-	-
(c) Deferred Tax Assets	9	133.56	188.82
(d) Other non - current assets	10A	8.50	8.50
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>56,758.99</b>	<b>56,665.12</b>
<b>2 Current assets</b>			
(a) Inventories	11	1,658.74	3,842.42
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	12	1,545.87	1,350.08
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	147.87	656.38
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	14	1,120.83	486.27
(iv) Other financial assets	8B	46.46	11.97
(c) Other current assets	10B	23.97	75.49
(d) Income tax assets		516.48	696.26
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>5,060.22</b>	<b>7,118.87</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>61,819.21</b>	<b>63,783.99</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>EQUITY</b>			
(a) Equity share capital	15	2,472.88	2,472.88
(b) Other equity		8,481.77	10,203.63
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>10,954.65</b>	<b>12,676.51</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>1 Non-current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16A	6,824.58	13,084.00
(ii) Other financial liabilities	17A	-	-
(b) Provisions	18A	14.75	10.26
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>6,839.33</b>	<b>13,094.26</b>
<b>2 Current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16B	3,822.30	4,367.77
(ii) Trade payables	19		
- Total outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		-	20.94
- Total outstanding dues of creditor's other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		673.98	911.50
(iii) Other financial liabilities	17B	39,343.89	32,612.58
(b) Provisions	18B	13.60	9.58
(c) Other current liabilities	20	171.46	90.85
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>44,025.23</b>	<b>38,013.22</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<b>61,819.21</b>	<b>63,783.99</b>

**The notes are an integral part of these financial statements**

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholetime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFG3922  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2021**

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Note	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>I Revenue from operations</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>6,120.40</b>	7,079.76
<b>II Other income</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>48.75</b>	91.54
<b>III Total income (I + II)</b>		<b>6,169.15</b>	7,171.30
<b>IV Expenses</b>			
Fleet operating expenses	<b>23</b>	<b>2,114.63</b>	2,342.12
Employee benefits expense	<b>24</b>	<b>2,015.96</b>	2,061.20
Finance costs	<b>25</b>	<b>1,793.60</b>	2,424.60
Depreciation and amortisation expense	<b>26</b>	<b>2,641.32</b>	2,432.27
Other expenses	<b>27</b>	<b>452.34</b>	459.68
<b>Total expenses (IV)</b>		<b>9,017.85</b>	9,719.87
<b>V Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax</b>		<b>(2,848.70)</b>	(2,548.57)
<b>VI Add/ ( Less) Exceptional items</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>1,181.63</b>	(4,123.05)
<b>VII Profit / (Loss) before tax</b>		<b>(1,667.07)</b>	(6,671.62)
<b>VIII Tax expense</b>	<b>29</b>		
Current tax Debit/(Credit)		<b>55.00</b>	83.25
Tax for earlier years Debit/(Credit)		<b>0.26</b>	(272.07)
		<b>55.26</b>	(188.82)
<b>IX Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after tax (VII - VIII)</b>		<b>(1,722.33)</b>	(6,482.80)
<b>X Other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans : Gain / (Loss)		<b>(2.61)</b>	14.33
Fair value of investment through other comprehensive income		<b>3.08</b>	(0.88)
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year (X)</b>		<b>0.47</b>	13.45
<b>XI Total comprehensive income for the year (IX + X)</b>		<b>(1,721.86)</b>	(6,469.35)
<b>XII Earnings /( Loss) per equity share of Rs. 10 each (for continuing operations)</b>			
Basic / Diluted	<b>32</b>	<b>(6.96)</b>	(26.22)

**The notes are an integral part of these financial statements**

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholetime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFG3922  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

## Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2021

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
<b>Profit / ( Loss ) for the year (before tax)</b>	<b>(1,667.07)</b>	(6,671.62)
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs recognized in profit and loss	<b>1,793.60</b>	2,424.60
Interest income recognized in profit and loss	<b>(48.75)</b>	(62.76)
Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets	<b>2,641.32</b>	2,432.27
Exchange loss on loan and interest restatement/(gain)	<b>(1,181.63)</b>	4,123.05
	<b>1,537.47</b>	2,245.54
<i>Movements in working capital:</i>		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	<b>(195.79)</b>	(286.63)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	<b>(229.30)</b>	160.55
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	<b>(34.49)</b>	-
(Increase)/Decrease in other assets	<b>51.52</b>	36.08
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	<b>(258.35)</b>	144.74
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	<b>5.90</b>	(0.69)
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities - current	<b>(66.12)</b>	83.98
Increase/(Decrease) in other liabilities	<b>80.61</b>	(14.05)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>891.45</b>	2,369.52
Less: Income taxes paid/Refund received including Interest on Income tax refund (net)	<b>212.22</b>	87.05
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities (A)</b>	<b>1,103.67</b>	2,456.57
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Interest received	<b>16.31</b>	63.50
Payments for property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress	<b>(374.39)</b>	(1,288.45)
<b>Net cash generated/(used in) from investing activities (B)</b>	<b>(358.08)</b>	(1,224.95)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Dividends paid (including tax)	<b>(14.53)</b>	(7.53)
Short term borrowings ( net of receipts)	<b>(509.21)</b>	(440.05)
Interest paid	<b>(95.80)</b>	(249.50)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities (C)</b>	<b>(619.54)</b>	(697.08)
<b>Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)</b>	<b>126.05</b>	534.54
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	<b>1,142.65</b>	608.11
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>1,268.70</b>	1,142.65

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
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Wholetime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFG3922  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021

(Rs. in lakhs)

<b>A</b>	<b>Equity share capital</b>	
	Balance as at 1st April 2019	2,472.88
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
	Balance as at 31st March 2020	2,472.88
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
	<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>2,472.88</b>

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Particulars	Reserves & Surplus					Items of other comprehensive income		Total
		Securities Premium Account	Tonnage Tax Reserves U/s. 115VT of Income Tax Act	Tonnage Tax Reserve (Utilised)	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income	Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	
<b>B</b>	<b>Other equity</b>								
	Balance as at 1st April 2019	8,659.78	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(8,023.45)	(33.92)	3.48	16,672.98
	Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	(6,482.80)	-	-	(6,482.80)
	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.88)	14.33	13.45
	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	(6,482.80)	(0.88)	14.33	(6,469.35)
	Transactions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31 March 2020	8,659.78	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(14,506.25)	(34.80)	17.81	10,203.63
	Profit / ( Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,722.33)	-	-	(1,722.33)
	Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	3.08	(2.61)	0.47
	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,722.33)	3.08	(2.61)	(1,721.86)
	Transactions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>8,659.78</b>	<b>610.00</b>	<b>7,267.00</b>	<b>8,190.09</b>	<b>(16,228.58)</b>	<b>(31.72)</b>	<b>15.20</b>	<b>8,481.77</b>

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholetime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFG3922  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer  
  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 1 General Information

Global Offshore Services Limited, is engaged in the business of chartering offshore support vessels. The Company is engaged in providing offshore support services to exploration and production Companies. The Company's vessels support oil and gas exploration activities as well as offshore projects. The Platform Supply Vessels (PSVs) owned and operated by the Company and its subsidiary are deployed in India and West Africa. The anchor handling tug cum supply vessels (AHTSVs) are deployed in India.

### 2 Basis of preparation

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements (on standalone basis) of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

Accounting policies are consistently applied except where new issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

#### 2.2 Overall consideration

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

The standalone financial statement has been prepared considering all Ind AS notified by MCA till reporting date i.e. 31st March 2021. The significant accounting policies used in preparing the financial statements are set out in note 3 of the notes to the standalone financial statement.

#### 2.3 Functional and Presentation currency

The financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest rupee in lakhs.

#### 2.4 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal market or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as below:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted price in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of fair value hierarchy.

Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purpose using methods as prescribed in "Ind AS 113 Fair Value Measurement".

#### 2.5 Use of significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented. The Company bases its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Significant estimates and critical judgement in applying these accounting policies are described below:

##### i) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on industry practice, Company's past history and existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.



## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### ii) Contingencies

Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies / claim / litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

### iii) Measurement of defined benefit plan & other long term benefits

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan / other long term benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation / other long term benefits are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation / other long term benefits is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

### iv) Impairment of investment in subsidiaries

In the opinion of the management, investments/ advances in subsidiaries are considered long term and strategic in nature. However the management has evaluated the impairment test for each of investment in subsidiary considering all the external and internal factor. Accordingly an impairment provision has been made in the financial statement. The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors.

### v) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of a) fair value of assets less cost of disposal and b) its value in use. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to derive from an assets or Cash-Generating Unit (CGU).

Based on the assessment done at each balance sheet date, recognised impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. If the conditions leading to recognition of impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased, impairment losses recognised are reversed to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined after considering depreciation / amortisation had no impairment loss been recognised in earlier years.

## 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### 3.1 Presentation and disclosure of standalone financial statement

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 for a Company whose financial statements are made in compliance with the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

Based on the nature of service and the time between rendering of services and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, 12 months has been considered by the Company for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities

### 3.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and discounts given to the customers.

#### 3.2.1 Time Charter earnings

Revenue is net of GST, rebates and other similar allowances. Revenue from the sale of service is recognized when the services are delivered, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### 3.2.2 Dividend and interest income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the Company's right to receive payment has been established.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

### 3.3 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

### 3.4 Taxation

#### 3.4.1 Current tax

Provision of current income-tax is made on the basis of the assessable income under the income tax Act, 1961. Income from shipping activities is assessed on the basis of deemed tonnage income of the Company.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) Credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 3.4.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applicable in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

### 3.4.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

During the year, the Company has not recognised any deferred tax asset in the absence of reasonable certainty of profits in the future.

### 3.5 Property, plant and equipment

For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment recognized as at 1st April 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

Cost includes purchase price, inward freight, taxes and expenses incidental to acquisition and installation, up to the point the asset is ready for its intended use.

When an asset is scrapped or otherwise disposed off, the cost and related depreciation are removed from the books and the resultant profit or loss (including capital profit), if any, is reflected in the statement of profit and loss.

The estimated useful life and residual value is reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

The economic useful life of vessels is 27 years.

### 3.6 Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment

#### 3.6.1 On fleet

Depreciation has been arrived at on straight line method at the rate arrived at so as to provide 95% of the total cost of each vessel over its balance economic useful life. For this purpose the economic useful life of vessels is estimated as 27 years. Any additions or extensions to existing vessels which forms an integral part of the vessels is depreciated by 95% over the remaining useful life of the vessels.

#### 3.6.2 On Motor Vehicles

Depreciation is arrived at on straight line method at 25% p.a. of the cost, based on the estimated useful life of 4 (four) years for the motor vehicles

#### 3.6.3 On Other Assets

Depreciation on other assets is charged in the accounts on the Straight Line method at the rates prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

### 3.7 Inventories

- (a) The Stock of stores and spares on board the ships is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)
- (b) The Stock of fuel and lubes owned by the Company is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)

The Cost comprises of cost of purchases, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable) and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. Cost of inventories is arrived at after providing for cost of obsolescence.

### 3.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

### 3.9 Investment in subsidiaries

The Company has availed the optional exemption under Ind AS 101 and accordingly it has used the carrying value as at the date of transition i.e. 1st April 2016 as the deemed cost for investment in subsidiaries. The Company's investment in instruments of subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment loss if any.

### 3.10 Financial asset

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and de-recognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

### 3.10.1 Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognized when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

### 3.10.2 Financial Assets at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets at FVTOCI are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

### 3.10.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model (ECL) for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.

For trade receivables or any contractual rights to receive cash or another financial assets that results from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 18, the Company always measures their allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivable, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

### 3.10.4 Derecognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognizes a financial asset when contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

### 3.11 Foreign Exchange Transaction

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the standard exchange rates determined monthly. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, remaining unsettled at the period end are re-stated at closing rates. The difference in translation of monetary assets and liabilities and realised gains and losses on foreign currency transactions (including those relating to acquisition of depreciable assets) is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Foreign Exchange gain or loss on restatement of long term foreign currency borrowing is recognised in the profit and loss.

In the previous GAAP the Company has created Foreign Exchange Hedge Reserve and any foreign exchange gain or loss on restatement were transfer to this account and subsequently on actual realisation of exchange gain / loss, such amount is transfer to the profit and loss account. Under Ind-AS-21 -The effects in changes in foreign exchange rates, exchange gain / loss on such restatement of foreign currency loans needs to charge to profit and loss account. Accordingly on transition date i.e. 01/04/2016, debit balance in Hedge Reserve Account amounting to Rs. 3735.90 lakhs have been transferred to retained earnings.

### 3.12 Leases

The Company determines whether an arrangement contains a lease by assessing whether the fulfilment of a transaction is dependent on the use of a specific asset and whether the transaction conveys the right to use that asset to the Company in return for payment. Where this occurs, the arrangement is deemed to include a lease and is accounted for either as finance or operating lease. Leases are classified as finance leases where the terms of the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases

#### Where Company is lessee

Operating lease - Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased assets are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where scheduled increase in rent compensates the Company with expected inflationary costs.

Finance lease – Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of lease, at the lower of the fair value of the property or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the lease.

#### Where Company is lessor

Assets acquired on leases where a significant portion of risk and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease rental are charged to statement of profit and loss on straight-line basis except where scheduled increase in rent compensate the lessor for expected inflationary costs.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 3.13 Employee benefits

The Defined benefit plan

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed periodically by an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements. Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

### 3.14 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost or at FVTPL.

#### 3.14.1 Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item.

#### 3.14.2 Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost.

#### 3.14.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company de-recognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired.

### 3.15 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

### 3.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the events for bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares). Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 3.17 Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged in only one type of business i.e. charter of offshore support vessels and there are no separate reportable segment.

### 3.18 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 4 Amendment to Existing issued Ind AS

There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2021.

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

5 - Property, Plant and Equipment

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Office Premises	Fleet	Office equipment	Furniture & fixtures	Vehicles	Computers	Total
Gross Carrying Value							
Balance as at 31st March 2019	1,241.45	53,782.52	2.61	59.75	43.21	12.23	55,141.77
Additions	-	1,286.10	0.25	-	-	2.10	1,288.45
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2020	1,241.45	55,068.62	2.86	59.75	43.21	14.33	56,430.22
Additions	-	2,781.17	-	-	-	6.20	2,787.37
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>1,241.45</b>	<b>57,849.79</b>	<b>2.86</b>	<b>59.75</b>	<b>43.21</b>	<b>20.53</b>	<b>59,217.59</b>
Accumulated Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment							
Balance as at 31st March 2019	67.52	8,709.91	2.18	34.21	43.21	8.09	8,865.12
Depreciation expense	21.76	2,393.95	0.67	11.42	-	4.47	2,432.27
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2020	89.28	11,103.86	2.85	45.63	43.21	12.56	11,297.39
Depreciation expense	21.76	2,607.68	-	11.42	-	0.46	2,641.32
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>111.04</b>	<b>13,711.54</b>	<b>2.85</b>	<b>57.05</b>	<b>43.21</b>	<b>13.02</b>	<b>13,938.71</b>
Carrying / net block amount							
Balance as at 31st March 2020	1,152.17	43,964.76	0.01	14.12	-	1.77	45,132.83
<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>1,130.41</b>	<b>44,138.25</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7.51</b>	<b>45,278.88</b>

6 - Investments

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
<b>Non-current</b>				
<b>6A Investment in subsidiaries (fully paid)</b>				
<b>Unquoted (all fully paid)</b>				
<b>Equity instruments (at cost)</b>				
(i) Garware Offshore International Services Pte Limited (Face Value of Equity Shares of US\$ 1 each) Less : Provision for diminution in value of investment	4,870,001	2,273.58	4,870,001	2,273.58
		(2,273.58)		(2,273.58)
(ii) Global Offshore Services B. V. (Face Value EURO 1 /- each) Less : Provision for diminution in value of investment	19,255,381	18,183.57	19,255,381	18,183.57
		(6,851.47)		(6,851.47)
		11,332.10		11,332.10
<b>Total</b>		<b>11,332.10</b>		<b>11,332.10</b>
<b>6B Other Investments</b>				
<b>Quoted (fully paid)</b>				
<b>Equity instruments ( fair value through other comprehensive income)</b>				
Garware Marine Industries Limited (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	129,330	5.95	129,330	2.87
<b>Total</b>		<b>5.95</b>		<b>2.87</b>

- The non-current investments in unquoted equity shares of subsidiaries are stated at amortised cost less impairment if any.
- The Company has made provision in the previous year for diminution in value of investment for :
  - Garware Offshore International Services Pte Ltd. due to negative net worth and future uncertainty in terms of profitability.
  - Global Offshore Services B.V. in view of Company's losses, as a matter of prudence.
- The fair value of other investments (Non-current and Current) as at 31st March 2021 and 31st March 2020 have been arrived at on the basis of closing market price of the said quoted investments on a recognized stock exchange.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 7 - Loans (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Non-Current</b>		
<b>(Unsecured, Considered Good, unless otherwise stated)</b>		
Loan to subsidiary Company	1,785.88	1,785.88
Less : Provision for doubtful loans and advances	(1,785.88)	(1,785.88)
<b>Current total</b>	-	-

The Company has made provision in the previous year for loans and advances recoverable from subsidiaries.

### 8 - Other Financial Assets (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>8A Non-current</b>		
<b>Non-current total</b>	-	-
<b>8B Current</b>		
Security Deposits	9.50	9.50
Other Deposits	36.96	2.47
<b>Current total</b>	46.46	11.97
<b>Total</b>	46.46	11.97

For the financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, the fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts, since they are either of short term nature or interest receivable is close to current market rates.

### 9- Deferred Tax Assets/Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>		
<b>MAT Credit Entitlement</b>		
Opening Balance	188.82	-
Add :		
Recognition of earlier year MAT credit in the current year	-	272.07
Less :		
Utilisation of MAT credit for payment of taxes	(55.00)	(83.25)
Charge off of Excess Mat credit	(0.26)	
Closing Balance	133.56	188.82

In the Previous year, the Company has recognised the MAT Credit entitlements pertaining to earlier years, as Management believes that the Company will be able to utilise the credit in near future.

### 10 - Other Assets (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>10A Non-current</b>		
Deposits with Customs, Port Trust and Court of law.	8.50	8.50
<b>Non-current total</b>	8.50	8.50
<b>10B Current</b>		
Advances to Suppliers	7.98	33.87
Prepaid expenses	7.89	36.57
GST & Other taxes recoverable	8.10	5.05
<b>Current total</b>	23.97	75.49
<b>Total</b>	32.47	83.99

**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021**

**11 - Inventories**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Inventories (lower of cost and net realisable value)</b>		
Stock of Stores, Spares & Consumables	1,658.74	3,842.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,658.74</b>	<b>3,842.42</b>

The Company has availed working capital facilities and Bank Guarantee facilities which are secured by hypothecation of inventories. Mode of valuation is mentioned in note 3.7.

**12 - Trade receivables**

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Unsecured, considered good for more than six months	1,151.94	1,151.94
Unsecured, considered good - others	1,545.87	1,350.08
Less : Excepted Credit Loss	(1,151.94)	(1,151.94)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,545.87</b>	<b>1,350.08</b>

Trade receivables are recognized at their original invoiced amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition. Trade receivables are considered to be of short duration and are not discounted. The carrying values are equivalent to their fair values. All trade receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a regular basis. Trade receivables are generally from customers having high credit quality and strong financials. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on historical credit loss experience which is adjusted for forward looking information. The Company has availed fund based working capital facilities by hypothecating trade receivables from charterers.

**13 - Cash and cash equivalents**

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Cash on hand	2.63	2.99
Balances with Banks In current accounts	145.24	653.39
<b>Total</b>	<b>147.87</b>	<b>656.38</b>

**14 - Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents**

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Balance with Banks on Margin Account	80.20	194.04
Deposit with Bank	1,033.50	270.57
Unpaid dividend Accounts	7.13	21.66
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,120.83</b>	<b>486.27</b>

- a) Margin money deposits includes deposits kept for guarantees issued on behalf of the Company by working capital Bankers.
- b) Deposit with Bank consists of an amount of Rs. 4.57 crores placed with SBI in no lien account towards proposed OTS, and Rs. 5.76 crores as a percentage of revenues "culled out" by the Bank towards the OTS as precondition to "holding on" operations. Once the settlement is finally arrived at necessary accounting entries will be effected.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 15 - Equity Share capital

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Authorised</b>		
3,20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	3,200.00	3,200.00
1,50,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each	150.00	150.00
1,50,000 Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each	150.00	150.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,500.00</b>	<b>3,500.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up</b>		
2,47,28,793 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up	2,472.88	2,472.88
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,472.88</b>	<b>2,472.88</b>

Particulars	No. of shares	Rs. in lakhs
<b>15A Fully paid equity shares</b>		
As at 1 April 2019	24,728,793	2,472.88
Issued during year	-	-
As at 31 March 2020	24,728,793	2,472.88
Issued during year	-	-
<b>As at 31 March 2021</b>	<b>24,728,793</b>	<b>2,472.88</b>

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held
<b>15B Shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares</b>				
<b>Fully paid equity shares</b>				
Universal Investments Services Pvt Ltd.	1,660,188	6.71%	1,653,188	6.69%
Sushma Ashok Garware	1,568,418	6.34%	1,558,418	6.30%
Garware Marine Industries Ltd.	1,451,886	5.87%	1,451,886	5.87%
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,680,492</b>	<b>18.92%</b>	<b>4,663,492</b>	<b>18.86%</b>

### 15C Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

- The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10 per share. The equity shares rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement of dividend.
- In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### 16 - Financial liabilities

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>16A Non- Current Borrowings</b>		
<b>Secured Loans from Banks</b>		
Foreign Currency	36,444.36	37,362.67
<b>Total Non-Current Borrowings</b>	<b>36,444.36</b>	<b>37,362.67</b>
Less : Current maturities of Long term borrowings	29,619.78	24,278.67
<b>Non- Current Borrowings ( as per balance sheet)</b>	<b>6,824.58</b>	<b>13,084.00</b>



**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021**

**(i) Terms and Conditions**

Four term loans are secured by way of first charge on the respective vessels ( 3 AHTSVs and 1 PSVs ). Additionally, one of these loans is also secured by way of receivables of the said vessel funded, upto the limit of monthly principal and interest and by a second charge on the Company's office premises.

One term loan is secured by way of first charge on the vessel (AHTSV) financed and 2nd charge on a Platform Supply Vessel (PSV).

One term loan is secured by way of first charge on the vessel (PSV) financed and 2nd charge on a Anchor Handling Tug cum Supply Vessel (AHTSV).

While the Company continues to recognise the Secured Loans (for audit purposes), in light of recent Supreme Court decisions, the Company is advised that none of these amounts would be payable.

**(ii) Maturity profile of Secured Loans (including current maturities) are as set out below :**

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Beyond 3 years
Foreign Currency Loans for Acquisition of Vessels	29,619.78	4,655.56	1,367.68	801.34

**(iii) The Foreign currency loans are at interest rates varying from 6 month LIBOR+350 bps points to 6 month LIBOR+500 bps points per annum.**

The details of non payment of Secured Loans as on 31st March, 2021 are as follows:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	upto 60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	More than 180 days
Banks	1,119.79	566.15	1,702.87	27,688.50

**(iv) The Foreign Currency Term Loans (FCTL) availed for Acquisition / Modification of vessels to the tune of Rs. 36,444.36 lakhs are from State Bank Of India (SBI). SBI has treated the same as an Non Performing Assets w.e.f. 27th January, 2017. Subsequently, the bank has converted the FCTL's into rupee loans and started charging higher rates of interest. The Company has not accepted the switchover of the loans into rupees and is continuing to provide interest as per the original terms. As indicated above, while the Company continues to do so, the Company is advised that none of the amounts are payable, in light of recent Hon'ble Supreme Court decisions and the effect these decisions will have on the accounts and the balance sheet.**

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>16B Current Borrowings</b>		
<b>Secured Working Capital Facility From Banks</b>		
Foreign Currency Cash Credit	1,319.56	1,626.94
Rupee Cash Credit	1,229.89	1,435.91
<b>Unsecured loan from banks</b>	1,272.85	1,304.92
<b>Total Current Borrowings</b>	<b>3,822.30</b>	4,367.77

**Terms and Conditions**

**(i) Working Capital Facility granted by Punjab National Bank (PNB) is secured by pari passu 1st charge with State Bank of India on stock of stores, spares, fuel on board the vessel (to the extent owned by the Company) and the book debts. All facilities provided by PNB are also secured by the 1st charge on the Company office premises. Interest on rupee based facility is charged @ 13.35% p.a.**

**(ii) Working Capital Facility granted by State Bank of India is secured by pari passu 1st charge with Punjab National Bank on stock of stores, spares, fuel on board the vessel ( to the extent owned by the Company ) and the book debts. Interest on rupee based facility is provided @ 12.95% p.a and USD based facility @ 6 month LIBOR + 400 bps. The foreign currency working capital demand loan of Rs 1319.56 lakhs and Rupee cash credit of Rs. 694.92 lakhs stands "frozen", since the Company was declared an NPA with the Bank.**

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(iii) An Unsecured Demand Loan facility from Axis Bank is at an interest rate of 3 months LIBOR + 450 bps p.a. The said loan was not repaid on due date and the Company is in dialogue with the Bank in an attempt to arrive at an amicable settlement of the same.

### 17 - Other financial liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>17A Non-current</b>		
Security Deposit	-	-
<b>Non-current total</b>	-	-
<b>17B Current</b>		
Current maturities of long term debts	29,619.78	24,278.67
Interest Accrued and due on Borrowings	9,519.30	8,048.45
Unclaimed Dividends (To be credited to the Investor Education & Protection Fund as and when due)	7.13	21.66
Other payables	197.68	263.80
<b>Current total</b>	39,343.89	32,612.58
<b>Total</b>	39,343.89	32,612.58

For the current financial liabilities that are measured at amortised cost, the fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts, since they are of short term nature.

### 18 - Provisions

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>18A Non-current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (refer note no. 24)	14.75	10.26
<b>Non-current total</b>	14.75	10.26
<b>18B Current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (refer note no. 24)	13.60	9.58
<b>Current total</b>	13.60	9.58
<b>Total</b>	28.35	19.84

### 19 - Trade payables

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Trade payables		
Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	20.94
Other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	673.98	911.50
<b>Total</b>	673.98	932.44

### 20 - Other liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Current</b>		
Deferred Income	-	-
Statutory Dues	171.46	90.85
<b>Total</b>	171.46	90.85

**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021**

**21 - Revenue from Operations** ( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Sale of Services</b>		
Fleet Chartering Earnings ( Net of GST )	6,120.40	7,079.76
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,120.40</b>	<b>7,079.76</b>

**22 - Other income**

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Interest income earned on financial assets not designated as at FVTPL		
Bank deposits	16.31	42.27
Interest received on IT Refund	32.44	20.49
Exchange Fluctuation - Gain (Net)	-	28.78
<b>Total</b>	<b>48.75</b>	<b>91.54</b>

**23 - Fleet operating Expenses** ( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Travelling Expenses	35.55	32.34
Fuel, Oil & Water	166.12	192.99
Port & Canal dues	44.92	32.87
Repairs	350.78	217.78
Stores & Victualling	916.73	1,181.07
Insurance Charges & Protecting Club Fees	112.84	121.61
Telecommunication Charges	86.17	85.84
Charter Hire Charges	-	108.37
Professional Fees	130.15	113.21
Agency fees	151.69	146.61
Sundry Operating expenses	119.68	109.43
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,114.63</b>	<b>2,342.12</b>

**24 - Employee benefits expense** ( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Salaries, wages and Fees	1,910.59	1,982.60
contribution to provident funds and other funds	98.19	68.85
Gratuity expenses	6.53	7.17
Staff welfare expenses	0.65	2.58
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,015.96</b>	<b>2,061.20</b>

**Employee benefit plans**

**24A Defined contribution plans**

The Company makes contribution towards provided fund to a defined contribution benefit plan for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the contribution plan to fund the benefits. The provident fund plan is operated by the Government administrated employee provident fund. Eligible employees receive the benefits from the said Provident Fund. Both the employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the Provident Fund plan equal to specific percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company has no obligations other than this to make the specified contribution.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Particulars	( Rs. in lakhs )	
	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Contribution to Employees Provident Fund	15.18	14.32
Contribution to Seamen's Provident Fund	34.96	35.18
<b>Total</b>	<b>50.14</b>	<b>49.50</b>

### 24B (A) Defined benefit plans

The Company earmark liability towards Gratuity and provide for payment under Group Gratuity Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC).

#### (a) Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The Company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees are responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.

#### (b) Risks associated with defined benefit plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and Company is exposed to the Following Risks:

**Interest rate risk:** A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G. Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

**Salary Risk:** The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

**Investment Risk:** The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

**Asset Liability Matching Risk:** The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

**Mortality risk:** Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

**Concentration Risk:** Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance Company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance Companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

#### (c) Characteristics of defined benefit plans

The Company has the benefit scheme in line with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, for those employees who are getting benefit as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Change in liability (if any) due to this scheme change is recognised as past service cost.

#### (d) A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan and the contributions towards the trust fund is done as guided by rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962.

### (B) Other Disclosures

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Type of Benefit	<b>Gratuity</b>	Gratuity
Country	<b>India</b>	India
Reporting Standard	<b>Indian Accounting Standard 19 (IndAS 19)</b>	Indian Accounting Standard 19 (IndAS 19)
Funding Status	<b>Funded</b>	Funded
Starting Period	<b>01-Apr-20</b>	01-Apr-19
Date of Reporting	<b>31-Mar-21</b>	31-Mar-20
Period of Reporting	<b>12 Months</b>	12 Months

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

**Assumptions (Previous Period)**

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Expected Return on Plan Assets	6.82%	7.47%
Rate of Discounting	6.82%	7.47%
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.

**Assumptions (Current Period)**

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Expected Return on Plan Assets	N.A.	6.82%
Rate of Discounting	6.33%	6.82%
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.

**Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit Obligation**

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	62.28	67.48
Interest Cost	4.25	5.04
Current Service Cost	5.18	5.02
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	-	-
Benefit Paid From the Fund	(0.40)	(0.85)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	1.73	2.15
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	(1.11)	(16.56)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	71.93	62.28

**Change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets**

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	42.44	38.71
Interest Income	2.89	2.89
Contributions by the Employer	0.65	1.77
Benefit Paid from the Fund	(0.40)	(0.85)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(1.99)	(0.08)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	43.59	42.44

**Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet**

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Period	(71.93)	(62.28)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period	43.59	42.43
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(28.34)	(19.85)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(28.34)	(19.85)

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### Net Interest Cost for Current Period

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	62.28	67.48
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	(42.44)	(38.71)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	19.84	28.77
Interest Cost	4.25	5.04
Interest Income	(2.90)	(2.89)
Net Interest Cost for Current Period	1.35	2.15

### Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Period

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Current Service Cost	5.18	5.02
Net Interest Cost	1.35	2.15
Expenses Recognized	6.53	7.17

### Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for Current Period

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	0.62	(14.41)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	1.99	0.08
Net (Income)/Expense For the Period Recognized in OCI	2.61	(14.33)

### Balance Sheet Reconciliation

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Opening Net Liability	19.84	28.77
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	6.53	7.17
Expenses Recognized in OCI	2.61	(14.33)
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	-	-
Employer's Contribution	(0.40)	(1.77)
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	28.58	19.84

### Category of Assets

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Insurance fund	43.59	42.43
Other	-	-
Total	43.59	42.43

### Other Details

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
No. of Active Members	41	41
Per Month Salary For Active Members	12.68	11.94
Weighted Average Duration of the Projected Benefit Obligation	6	7
Average Expected Future Service	9	10
Projected Benefit Obligation	71.93	62.28
Prescribed Contribution For Next Year (12 Months)	12.68	11.94

### Net Interest Cost for Next Year

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	71.93	62.28
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	(43.58)	(42.43)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the End of the Period	28.35	19.85
Interest Cost	4.55	4.25
Interest Income	-	(2.89)
Net Interest Cost for Next Year	4.55	1.35

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Next Year

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Current Service Cost	5.07	5.18
Net Interest Cost	4.55	1.35
Expected Contributions by the Employees	-	-
Expenses Recognized	9.62	6.53

Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments : From the Fund

Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
1st Following Year	13.60	9.58
2nd Following Year	5.41	5.16
3rd Following Year	4.63	5.31
4th Following Year	1.70	4.12
5th Following Year	20.12	1.53
Sum of Years 6 To 10	26.24	38.59
Sum of Years 11 and above	34.94	34.77

Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	71.93	62.28
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(3.45)	(3.25)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	3.85	3.63
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	3.86	3.66
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(3.53)	(3.33)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	0.22	0.32
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(0.24)	(0.35)

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet. There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

25 - Finance costs

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Interest on Borrowings	1,787.67	2,421.35
Other Interest costs	5.93	3.25
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,793.60</b>	<b>2,424.60</b>

26 - Depreciation and amortisation expense

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	2,641.32	2,432.27
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,641.32</b>	<b>2,432.27</b>



## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 27 - Other expenses

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Office repairs and maintenance	5.53	10.90
Rent	0.36	0.33
Insurance	0.55	1.35
Rates and Taxes	6.08	3.41
Bank Charges	13.19	35.46
Travelling	4.63	54.24
Director Sitting Fees	8.44	5.45
Postage, Telephone and Fax	10.20	14.41
Legal, Professional and Consultancy Charges	277.22	195.29
Miscellaneous Expenses	126.14	138.84
<b>Total</b>	<b>452.34</b>	<b>459.68</b>

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>27A Legal and professional expenses include:</b>		
<b>Auditors' remuneration and expenses</b>		
Statutory Audit fees	15.00	14.00
Certification Charges	0.20	0.50
<b>Payments to tax auditors</b>		
Tax audit fees	0.60	0.60

### 28 - Exceptional Items

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Foreign Exchange (loss)/gain on long term loans ( Refer Note 28.1 below)	1,181.63	(4,123.05)
Provision for impairment of assets	-	-
<b>Total exceptional expenditure</b>	<b>1,181.63</b>	<b>(4,123.05)</b>

Note :

28.1 As per the guidelines provided under Ind AS 101- first time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards , the Company has decided to change its accounting policy related to hedge accounting. Under Ind AS, the Company will follow Ind AS -21- The effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, under which restated gain or loss on such foreign currency borrowing will be charged to profit and loss account for the respective period.

### 29 - Income taxes relating to continuing operations

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Tax expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss</b>		
<b>Current tax</b>		
In respect of current year	55.00	83.25
Tax for earlier year	-	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	<b>55.00</b>	<b>83.25</b>
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
In respect of earlier year - MAT Credit entitlement	0.26	(272.07)
<b>Total deferred income tax (credit) / expense</b>	<b>0.26</b>	<b>(272.07)</b>
<b>Total income tax expense</b>	<b>55.26</b>	<b>(188.82)</b>



**Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021**

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows: (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Profit before tax (Continuing &amp; Discontinued business)</b>	<b>(1,667.07)</b>	<b>(6,671.62)</b>
Income tax expenses calculated (refer note below)	-	-
<b>Differences due to:</b>		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (14A disallowance)	-	-
Income exempt from Income taxes (Dividend)	-	-
Others	<b>55.26</b>	<b>(188.82)</b>
<b>Total income tax expense</b>	<b>55.26</b>	<b>(188.82)</b>

(Refer accounting policy note 3.4) , Company is liable to pay tonnage tax hence normal tax is not applicable to the company.

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income</b>		
<b>Current tax</b>		
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligation	-	-
<b>Total deferred income tax expense</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

The Company has made the tax provision, mainly on other income and income as per transfer pricing rules. Also considering the future taxable income, the company has decided to recognised MAT credit entitlement for earlier years.

**30 - Risk management**

**30A Capital risk management**

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the returns to stakeholders.

**30B Financial instruments**

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income & expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are as disclosed in notes to financial statements.

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Financial assets</b>		
<b>Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)</b>		
Investments	<b>5.95</b>	2.87
<b>Measured at amortised cost</b>		
Cash and bank balances	<b>147.87</b>	656.38
Trade receivables	<b>1,545.87</b>	1,350.08
Other Non Current Financial Assets	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	<b>46.46</b>	11.97
Other Bank Balances	<b>1,120.83</b>	486.27
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
<b>Measured at amortised cost</b>		
Trade payable	<b>673.98</b>	911.50
Other Non Current Financial Liabilities	-	-
Non Current Borrowings	<b>6,824.58</b>	13,084.00
Current Borrowings	<b>3,822.30</b>	4,367.77
Other current financial liabilities	<b>39,343.89</b>	32,612.58

The management considers that the carrying amount of financials assets & financial liabilities recognized in the financial statement approximate their fair values.

## Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 30C Financial and liquidity risk management objectives

The average payment terms of creditors (trade payables) is 45-120 days. Other financial liabilities viz. employee payments, other payables are payable as and when due and generally within 30 days.

### 30D Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The major class of financial asset of the Company is trade receivables. For credit exposures to customer, management assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. As the Company does not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the statement of financial position.

### 30E Foreign Currency risk management

Since part of the revenues of the Company are denominated in US dollars, there is a translation risk as the Company has to report its financial performance in INR. However, part of the risk is "paired", as some of its operating costs incurred in US dollars.

### 31 - Segment Information

The Company is engaged in only one type of business i.e. charter of offshore support vessels and there are no separate reportable segment.

### 32 - Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Basic / Diluted earnings per share</b>		
From continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company (Rs. Per share)	(6.96)	(26.22)
<b>Total basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the company</b>	<b>(6.96)</b>	<b>(26.22)</b>

### Basic / Diluted earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity share used in the calculations of basic earnings per share are as follows:

Particulars	Rs. In lakhs	
	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	(1,722.33)	(6,482.80)
<b>Earnings/Losses used in the calculation of basic earnings per share from continuing operations</b>	<b>(1,722.33)</b>	<b>(6,482.80)</b>

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Weighted average number of equity shares for the purpose of basic / diluted earnings per share	247.29	247.29

### 33- Ind AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

#### List of related parties and their relationship

Name of Related Party	Principal place of business	% Shareholding and Voting Power	
		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
<b>A Subsidiaries</b>			
Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100%	100%
Global Offshore Services B.V.	Netherlands	68%	68%

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

**B Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")**  
Aditya A. Garware - Chairman

**Details of Transactions with Related Parties**

( Rs. in lakhs )

Sr No	Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2021			Total
		Subsidiaries / Step down subsidiaries	Key Managerial Personnel	Other Related parties	
1	<b>Sitting Fees</b> Aditya A. Garware		1.30		1.30
			(1.00)		(1.00)
2	<b>Consultancy Fees</b> Aditya A. Garware		85.50		85.50
			(70.50)		(70.50)

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

**Outstanding as at 31st March, 2021**

Sr No	Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2021			Total
		Subsidiaries / Step down subsidiaries	Key Management Personnel	Other Related parties	
1	<b>Consultancy Fees</b> Aditya A. Garware		8.35		8.35
			(6.25)		(6.25)

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

**34 - Contingent liabilities and contingent assets**

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Guarantees given by the Banks (Counter Guarantees given by the Company)	<b>687.28</b>	1,079.55

- The Company has given Guarantees of USD 55.66 million (Rs. 40,893.40 lakhs), which have reduced from the Previous years figure of USD 59.15 million (Rs. 44,522.21 lakhs ) to foreign Lenders on behalf of its Subsidiary, Global Offshore Services B.V. , for loans availed by the said subsidiary. In the case of one loan for which guarantee of USD 42.19 million has been issued, the said Loan has been restructured. The debt stands at USD 7.90 million as of date of this report.
  - The Company has given a Guarantee to Vessel Owner against the Bare Boat Charter of vessel by its subsidiary - the financial effect of which can not be determined/estimated. However, as on date of this Report the said Guarantees have all expired.
  - Even though the subsidiary has not been able to repay its loans in a timely manner, no lender has invoked a guarantee till date.
  - In the case of one guarantee issued, the Company has been advised that the same has lapsed in view of inaction of the lenders for over 3 years in this regard.
- 35** The Company does not have any material significant impact due to Ind AS 116 - Leases, as all the lease arrangement are of short term nature with insignificant value.
- 36** Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified, to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholetime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFG3922  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

**Global Offshore Services Limited**

**Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Global Offshore Services Limited** (herein after referred as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") , which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March, 2021, the consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There are no key audit matters to be disclosed.

### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following points: -

- Out of the Foreign Currency Term Loans (FCTL) for Acquisition/ Modification of vessels and foreign currency working capital facility, an amount of Rs. 37,763.93 lakhs are due to State Bank of India (SBI). On account of the default in repayment of installment due and interest, SBI has treated the same as a Non Performing Assets. Subsequently, the bank has converted FCTL into rupee loans and proposes to charge higher interest rate. The Company has not accepted the switchover of the loans into rupees and is continuing to provide interest as per the original terms, the amount of interest on rupee loan is not quantifiable.
- The net worth in the financial statements of Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Limited has been eroded and is negative Rs. 2,039.71 lakhs, which may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- The net worth in the financial statements of Global Offshore Services B.V has also been eroded and is negative Rs. 24,565.91 lakhs. As per explanation and information given by the management, there is a restructuring plan initiated with the bank which has not been finalized. On account of this fact, this subsidiary is continued to be treated as going concern.
- We draw attention to Note 27(ii) regarding the Company's subsidiary, Global Offshore Services BV, has not provided interest on loans to the extent of Rs 1,725.64 lakhs, in view of ongoing discussion with the said Lenders and advice received that these amount may not be payable.

Our report is not modified in respect of the above matter.

### Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report, Shareholders' Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Management Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act, that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matter

The accompanying Statement includes unaudited financial statement and other financial information in respect of one foreign subsidiary, whose financial statements include total assets of Rs. 7,948.96 lakhs as at March 31, 2021, total revenues of Rs. 1,680.65 lakhs, total net profit after tax of Rs. 34,647.20 lakhs, total comprehensive income of Rs. 35,789.53 lakhs, for the year ended on that date respectively, and net cash outflow of Rs. 58.87 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2021 as considered in the Statement. These financial statements and other financial information have not been audited and have been presented solely based on information compiled by the Management and approved by the Board of Directors. Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the impact, if any, on the statement of audited consolidated financial statement if the same has been audited.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- A. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditor on separate financial statements and the other financial information of a subsidiary as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
  - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the report of the other auditors.
  - The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
  - In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules there under.
  - On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Group companies are disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
  - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March, 2021 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the other financial information of the subsidiaries as noted in the "Other matter" paragraph:
- The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
  - The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - There has been no delay in transferring amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company during the year ended 31st March, 2021.

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 30th June, 2021

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN: 21132650AAAAFH4432

## **Annexure - A**

### **To the Independent Auditor's Report on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of Global Offshore Services Limited Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Global Offshore Services Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company, internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial control system with reference to financial statements.

#### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Holding Company, have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2021, based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company, considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For **D. Kothary & Co**  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN: 21132650AAAAFH4432

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 30th June, 2021

## Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>1 Non-current assets</b>			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	5	52,180.36	51,352.88
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments			
Other investments	6	5.95	2.87
(ii) Other financial assets	7A	9.51	339.66
(c) Deferred Tax Assets	8	133.56	188.82
(d) Other non - current assets	9A	8.50	8.50
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>52,337.88</b>	<b>51,892.73</b>
<b>2 Current assets</b>			
(a) Inventories	10	2,003.40	4,502.86
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	11	2,179.52	2,746.61
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	172.81	739.80
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13	1,120.83	486.27
(iv) Other financial assets	7B	47.01	15.04
(c) Other current assets	9B	165.40	1,836.63
(d) Income tax assets		516.48	696.26
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>6,205.45</b>	<b>11,023.47</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>58,543.33</b>	<b>62,916.20</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>EQUITY</b>			
(a) Equity share capital	14	2,472.88	2,472.88
(b) Other equity		(21,182.51)	(43,811.47)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(18,709.63)	(41,338.59)
Non controlling interest		(7,861.09)	(19,313.73)
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>(26,570.72)</b>	<b>(60,652.32)</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>1 Non-current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15A	13,107.31	39,036.15
(ii) Other financial liabilities	16A	-	-
(b) Provisions	17A	14.75	10.26
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>13,122.06</b>	<b>39,046.41</b>
<b>2 Current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15B	7,044.55	8,102.40
(ii) Trade payables	18		
- Total outstanding dues of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		-	20.94
- Total outstanding dues of creditor's other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		2,431.20	4,041.66
(iii) Other financial liabilities	16B	62,252.60	72,203.81
(b) Provisions	17B	13.60	9.58
(c) Income tax liabilities		50.34	47.85
(d) Other current liabilities	19	199.70	95.87
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>71,991.99</b>	<b>84,522.11</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<b>58,543.33</b>	<b>62,916.20</b>

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholetime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFH4432  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.



**Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2021**

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Note	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>I Revenue from operations</b>	20	<b>7,766.97</b>	12,194.39
<b>II Other income</b>	21	<b>82.83</b>	261.36
<b>III Total income (I + II)</b>		<b>7,849.80</b>	12,455.75
<b>IV Expenses</b>			
Fleet operating expenses	22	<b>4,482.12</b>	5,128.63
Employee benefits expense	23	<b>3,137.71</b>	3,777.43
Finance costs	24	<b>2,269.08</b>	7,303.37
Depreciation and amortisation expense	25	<b>3,048.97</b>	3,077.46
Other expenses	26	<b>954.99</b>	894.48
<b>Total expenses (IV)</b>		<b>13,892.87</b>	20,181.37
<b>V Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax</b>		<b>(6,043.07)</b>	(7,725.62)
<b>VI Add: Exceptional items</b>	27	<b>39,000.25</b>	6,827.16
<b>VII Profit / (Loss) before tax</b>		<b>32,957.18</b>	(898.46)
<b>VIII Tax expense</b>	28		
Current tax - Credit /(Debit)		<b>(58.71)</b>	(86.80)
Tax for earlier years -Credit/(Debit)		<b>(0.26)</b>	272.07
		<b>(58.97)</b>	185.27
<b>IX Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after tax (VII - VIII)</b>		<b>32,898.21</b>	(713.19)
<b>X Other Comprehensive Income</b>			
<b>(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans : Gains \ (Loss)		<b>(2.61)</b>	14.33
Fair value of Investment through Other comprehensive income		<b>3.08</b>	(0.88)
<b>(ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of a foreign operations		<b>1,182.93</b>	(5,105.89)
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year (X)</b>		<b>1,183.40</b>	(5,092.44)
<b>XI Total comprehensive income for the year (IX + X)</b>		<b>34,081.61</b>	(5,805.63)
<b>XII Total comprehensive income attributable to</b>			
- Owners of the parent		<b>22,628.96</b>	(6,937.13)
- Non Controlling interest		<b>11,452.65</b>	1,131.50
<b>Of the total comprehensive income above ,</b>			
<b>Profit for the year attributable to</b>			
- Owners of the parent		<b>21,811.11</b>	(3,483.20)
- Non controlling interest		<b>11,087.10</b>	2,770.01
<b>Of the total comprehensive income above ,</b>			
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to</b>			
- Owners of the parent		<b>817.85</b>	(3,453.93)
- Non Controlling interest		<b>365.55</b>	(1,638.51)
<b>XIII Earnings / (Loss) per equity share of Rs. 10 each (for continuing operations)</b>			
Basic / Diluted	31	<b>88.20</b>	(14.09)

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholetime Director  
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**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFH4432  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

## Consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2021

Particulars	Rs. In lakhs	
	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
<b>Profit for the year (before tax)</b>	<b>32,957.18</b>	(898.46)
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs recognized in profit and loss	<b>2,269.08</b>	7,303.37
Interest income recognized in profit and loss	<b>(48.75)</b>	(212.09)
Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets	<b>3,048.97</b>	3,077.46
Profit on settlement of loan and write back of financial liabilities	<b>(37,162.80)</b>	(40,088.07)
Exchange loss on loan restatement	<b>(1,181.63)</b>	4,123.05
Reversal of impairment provision	<b>(655.82)</b>	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	20,254.04
Provision for doubtful loans and advances	-	2,722.72
Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment	-	6,161.10
	<b>(773.77)</b>	2,443.12
<i>Movements in working capital:</i>		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	<b>540.01</b>	(783.10)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	<b>73.22</b>	225.11
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	<b>292.98</b>	712.22
(Increase)/Decrease in other assets	<b>1,643.63</b>	(243.23)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	<b>(892.47)</b>	(514.32)
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	<b>5.90</b>	(0.69)
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities - current	<b>1,054.53</b>	(988.67)
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities - non current	-	695.87
Increase/(Decrease) in other liabilities	<b>104.19</b>	(14.35)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>2,048.22</b>	1,531.96
Less: Income taxes paid	<b>212.22</b>	87.05
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities (A)</b>	<b>2,260.44</b>	1,619.01
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Interest received	<b>16.31</b>	212.83
Payments for property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress	<b>(968.83)</b>	(1,288.45)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	5,754.96
<b>Net cash generated/(used in) from investing activities (B)</b>	<b>(952.52)</b>	4,679.34
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Dividends paid (including tax)	<b>(14.53)</b>	(7.53)
Non Current Loan payment ( net of receipts)	<b>150.66</b>	-
Short term borrowings ( net of receipts)	<b>(446.64)</b>	2.99
Interest paid	<b>(928.35)</b>	(7,263.16)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities (C)</b>	<b>(1,238.86)</b>	(7,267.70)
<b>Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)</b>	<b>69.06</b>	(969.35)
<b>Add/Less : Exchange difference on cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(1.49)</b>	46.55
<b>Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>67.57</b>	(922.80)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	<b>1,226.07</b>	2,148.87
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>1,293.64</b>	1,226.07

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholtime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFH4432  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer  
  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March 2021

( Rs. in lakhs )

<b>A</b>	<b>Equity share capital</b>	
	Balance as at 31st March 2019	2,472.88
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
	Balance as at 31st March 2020	2,472.88
	Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
	<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>2,472.88</b>

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Attributable to the owners of the parent							Total Other Equity attributable to the owners of the parent	Total Other Equity attributable to Non controlling interest	Total Other Equity		
	Reserves and Surplus				Items of other comprehensive income							
	Securities Premium Account	Tonnage Tax Reserves U/s. 115VT of Income Tax Act	Tonnage Tax Reserve ( Utilised )	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income	Remeasurement of Defined benefit plans				Exchange Differences on Translation of Financial Statement of Foreign Operations	
<b>B</b>	<b>Other equity</b>											
	Balance as at 1st April 2019	11,697.08	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(64,792.95)	(33.92)	3.48	184.88	(36,874.34)	(26,919.04)	(63,793.38)
	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	(3,483.20)	-	-	-	(3,483.20)	2,770.01	(713.19)
	Other Comprehensive Income/ Loss (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.88)	14.33	(3,467.38)	(3,453.93)	(1,638.51)	(5,092.44)
	Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	(3,483.20)	(0.88)	14.33	(3,467.38)	(6,937.13)	1,131.50	(5,805.63)
	Transactions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31 March 2020	11,697.08	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(68,276.15)	(34.80)	17.81	(3,282.50)	(43,811.47)	(25,787.54)	(69,599.01)
	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	21,811.11	-	-	-	21,811.11	11,087.10	32,898.21
	Other Comprehensive Income/ Loss (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	3.08	(2.61)	817.38	817.85	365.55	1,183.40
	Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	21,811.11	3.08	(2.61)	817.38	22,628.96	11,452.65	34,081.61
	Transactions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balance as at 31st March 2021	11,697.08	610.00	7,267.00	8,190.09	(46,465.04)	(31.72)	15.20	(2,465.12)	(21,182.51)	(14,334.89)	(35,517.40)

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
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Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 1 General Information

Global Offshore Services Limited and its two subsidiaries (Collectively referred as "Group"), is engaged in charter of offshore support vessels. The Group is engaged in providing offshore support services to exploration and production companies. The Group's vessels support oil and gas exploration activities, as well as offshore projects. The Platform Supply Vessels (PSVs) owned and operated by the Group are deployed in India and West Africa. The anchor handling tug cum supply vessels (AHTSVs) are deployed in India.

- 2 The Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs with effect from 1st April 2017, with a transition date of 1st April 2016.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- 1) certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- 2) assets held for sale - measured at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell;
- 3) defined benefit plans - plan assets measured at fair value;

### 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Consolidation

#### 3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements. The financial statements of the Group have been consolidated using uniform accounting policies.

#### 3.2 Basis of consolidation

The financial statements incorporate the consolidated financial statements of the Group, both unilaterally and jointly.

##### (a) Accounting for subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has control. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statement from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year. The financial statements of the Group have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and profits/losses, unless cost/revenue cannot be recovered.

The details of subsidiaries consolidated are as follows:

Name of the subsidiaries	Principal Place of Business	% of shareholding	
		As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Garware Offshore International Services Pte Ltd -	Singapore	100%	100%
Global Offshore Services B. V.	The Netherlands	68%	68%

The Subsidiaries of Global Offshore Services B.V. which has been consolidated in GOSBV are as follows :-

Name of the step down subsidiaries	Name of the Country where it is Incorporated	Date of Incorporation	% of shareholding
Makalu Shipping B.V.	The Netherlands	17.10.2016	100%
Shergar Chartering B.V. ( * )	The Netherlands	17.10.2016	100%

( \* ) No Activity

##### (b) Non controlling interests (NCI)

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable asset at the date of acquisition. Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

Non-controlling interest is presented separately from the liabilities or assets and the equity of the shareholders in the consolidated Balance Sheet. Non-controlling interest in the profit or loss of the Group is separately presented.

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### (c) Transaction eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### 3.3 Functional and Presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the parent Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest lakhs, except otherwise indicated

### 3.4 Fair value measurement

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as below:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted price in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of fair value hierarchy.

Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purpose using methods as prescribed in "Ind AS 113 Fair Value Measurement.

### 3.5 Use of significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented. The Group bases its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Significant estimates and critical judgement in applying these accounting policies are described below:

#### i) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on industry practice, Group's past history and existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

#### ii) Contingencies

Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies / claim / litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

#### iii) Measurement of defined benefit plan & other long term benefits

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan / other long term benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation / other long term benefits are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation / other long term benefits is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### iv) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of a) fair value of assets less cost of disposal and b) its value in use. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to derive from an assets or Cash-Generating Unit (CGU).

Based on the assessment done at each balance sheet date, recognised impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. If the conditions leading to recognition of impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased, impairment losses recognised are reversed to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined after considering depreciation / amortisation had no impairment loss been recognised in earlier years

### 3.6 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### 3.6.1 Presentation and disclosure of Consolidated financial statement

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per Group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 for a Group whose consolidated financial statements are made in compliance with the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

Based on the nature of service and the time between rendering of services and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, 12 months has been considered by the Group for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities

#### 3.6.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and discounts given to the customers.

#### 3.6.3 Time Charter earnings

Revenue is net of GST, rebates and other similar allowances. Revenue from the sale of service is recognized when the services are delivered, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group;
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### 3.6.4 Dividend and interest income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the Group's right to receive payment has been established.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

#### 3.6.5 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

#### 3.6.6 Taxation

##### (a) Current tax

Provision of current income-tax is made on the basis of the assessable income under the income tax Act, 1961 for the Holding company and respective tax laws of countries in which the Subsidiaries are domiciled. Income from shipping activities is assessed on the basis of deemed tonnage income.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) Credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### (b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

### (c) Current and deferred tax for the year

During the year, the Group has not recognised any deferred tax asset in the absence of reasonable certainty of profits in the future.

### 3.6.7 Property, plant and equipment

For transition to Ind AS, the Group has elected to continue with the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment recognized as at 1st April 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

Cost includes purchase price, inward freight, taxes and expenses incidental to acquisition and installation, up to the point the asset is ready for its intended use.

When an asset is scrapped or otherwise disposed, the cost and related depreciation are removed from the books and the resultant profit or loss (including capital profit), if any, is reflected in the statement of profit and loss.

The estimated useful life and residual value is reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

### 3.6.8 Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment

#### (a) On fleet

Depreciation has been arrived at on straight line method at the rate arrived at so as to provide 95% of the total cost of each vessel over its balance economic useful life. Any additions or extensions to existing vessels which forms an integral part of the vessels is depreciated by 95% over the remaining useful life of the vessels.

#### (b) On Motor Vehicles

Depreciation is arrived at on straight line method at 25% p.a. of the cost, based on the estimated useful life of 4 (four) years for the motor vehicles

#### (c) On Other Assets

Depreciation on other assets is charged on the Straight Line method at the rates prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

### 3.6.9 Inventories

(a) The Stock of stores and spares on board the ships is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)

(b) The Stock of fuel and lubes owned by the Group is valued at cost or net realisable value whichever is lower. (FIFO Basis)

The Cost comprises of cost of purchases, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable) and other costs incurred in bringing them to their present location and condition. Cost of inventories is arrived at after providing for cost of obsolescence.

### 3.6.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

### 3.6.11 Financial asset

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and de-recognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### (a) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognized when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (b) Financial Assets at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets at FVTOCI are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

#### (c) Impairment of financial assets

The Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, lease receivables, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.

For trade receivables or any contractual rights to receive cash or other financial assets that results from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 18, the Group always measures their allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivable, the Group has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

#### (d) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group de-recognizes a financial asset when contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

### 3.6.12 Foreign Exchange Transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the standard exchange rates determined monthly. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, remaining unsettled at the period end are re-stated at closing rates. The difference in translation of monetary assets and liabilities and realised gains and losses on foreign currency transactions ( including those relating to acquisition of depreciable assets) is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Foreign Exchange gain or loss on restatement of long term foreign currency borrowing is recognised in the profit and loss.

In case of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the parent company's functional currency, the assets and liabilities of such foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising upon acquisition, are translated to the reporting currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of such foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at the average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income/ (loss) and presented within equity as part of FCTR. When a foreign operation is disposed of, in part or in full, the relevant amount in the FCTR is reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as a part of gain or loss on disposal.



## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 3.6.13 Leases

The Group determines whether an arrangement contains a lease by assessing whether the fulfilment of a transaction is dependent on the use of a specific asset and whether the transaction conveys the right to use that asset to the Group in return for payment. Where this occurs, the arrangement is deemed to include a lease and is accounted for either as finance or operating lease. Leases are classified as finance leases where the terms of the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### Where Group is lessee

Operating lease - Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased assets are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where scheduled increase in rent compensates the Group with expected inflationary costs.

Finance lease – Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of lease, at the lower of the fair value of the property or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the lease.

#### Where Group is lessor

Assets acquired on leases where a significant portion of risk and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease rental are charged to statement of profit and loss on straight-line basis except where scheduled increase in rent compensate the lessor for expected inflationary costs.

### 3.6.14 Employee benefits

The Defined benefit plan

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed periodically by an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements. Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

### 3.6.15 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost or at FVTPL.

#### (a) Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit and loss is included in the 'Other Income / Other expenses' line item.

#### (b) Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost.

#### (c) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group de-recognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired.

### 3.6.16 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 3.6.17 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the events for bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares). Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 3.6.18 Segment Reporting

The Group is engaged in only one type of business i.e. charter of offshore support vessels and there are no separate reportable segment.

### 3.6.19 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the management of the Group is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 4 Amendment to Existing issued Ind AS

There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2021.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

5 - Property, Plant and Equipment

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Office Premises	Fleet	Office equipment	Furniture & fixtures	Vehicles	Computers	Total
Balance as at 31st March 2019	1,241.45	150,530.34	16.77	59.75	38.13	12.23	151,898.67
Additions	-	1,286.10	0.25	-	-	2.10	1,288.45
Disposals	-	(63,688.80)	-	-	-	-	(63,688.80)
Adjustments FCTR	-	3,910.00	1.28	-	-	-	3,911.28
Balance as at 31st March 2020	1,241.45	92,037.64	18.30	59.75	38.13	14.33	93,409.60
Additions	-	3,375.61	-	-	-	6.20	3,381.81
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments FCTR	-	(899.50)	(0.35)	-	-	-	(899.85)
<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>1,241.45</b>	<b>94,513.75</b>	<b>17.95</b>	<b>59.75</b>	<b>38.13</b>	<b>20.53</b>	<b>95,891.56</b>
Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment							
Balance as at 31st March 2019	67.52	67,801.73	9.39	34.21	38.13	8.08	67,959.06
Depreciation expense	21.76	3,034.60	5.21	11.42	-	4.47	3,077.46
Impairment	-	6,161.10	-	-	-	-	6,161.10
Disposals	-	(38,232.56)	-	-	-	-	(38,232.56)
Adjustments FCTR	-	3,090.77	0.89	-	-	-	3,091.66
Balance as at 31st March 2020	89.28	41,855.64	15.49	45.63	38.13	12.55	42,056.72
Depreciation expense	21.76	3,012.57	2.76	11.42	-	0.46	3,048.97
Impairment	-	(655.82)	-	-	-	-	(655.82)
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments FCTR	-	(738.36)	(0.31)	-	-	-	(738.67)
<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>111.04</b>	<b>43,474.03</b>	<b>17.94</b>	<b>57.05</b>	<b>38.13</b>	<b>13.01</b>	<b>43,711.20</b>
Carrying /net block amount							
Balance as at 31st March 2020	1,152.17	50,182.00	2.81	14.12	-	1.78	51,352.88
<b>Balance as at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>1,130.41</b>	<b>51,039.72</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7.52</b>	<b>52,180.36</b>

The Group has evaluated the impairment loss on Fixed Assets i.e Vessels as at year end as defined in Ind AS - 36 Impairment of Assets, accordingly additional charge for impairment have been taken by the group of Rs.Nil (P.Y Rs. 6,161.10 lakhs.)

There is reversal of impairment provision by Rs. 655.82 lakhs in the current year in view of a change in valuation of the Asset.

6 - Investments

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
<b>Other Investments</b>				
<b>Quoted (fully paid)</b>				
<b>Equity instruments ( fair value through other comprehensive income)</b>				
Garware Marine Industries Limited (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	129,330	5.95	129,330	2.87
<b>Total</b>		<b>5.95</b>		<b>2.87</b>

The fair value of Other Investments (Non-current and Current) as at 31st March 2021 have been arrived at on the basis of closing market price of the said investments on a recognized stock exchange.

7 - Other Financial Assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>7A Non-current</b>		
Security Deposits	9.51	9.75
Margin Money Deposit with banks for more than 12 months	-	329.91
<b>Non-current total</b>	<b>9.51</b>	<b>339.66</b>

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>7B Current</b>		
Security Deposits	9.50	12.57
Other Deposits	37.51	2.47
<b>Current total</b>	<b>47.01</b>	<b>15.04</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>56.52</b>	<b>354.70</b>

For the financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, the fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts, since they are either of short term nature or interest receivable is close to current market rates.

### 8- Deferred Tax Assets/Liabilities

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Deferred Tax Assets</b>		
<b>MAT Credit Entitlement</b>		
Opening Balance	188.82	-
Add : Recognition of earlier year MAT credit in the current year		272.07
Less : Utilisation of MAT credit for payment of taxes	(55.00)	(83.25)
Charge of excess MAT Credit	(0.26)	-
Closing Balance		
<b>Current total</b>	<b>133.56</b>	<b>188.82</b>

In the current year, the Company has recognised the MAT Credit entitlements pertaining to earlier years, as Management believes that the Company will be able to utilise the credit in near future.

### 9 - Other Assets

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>9A Non-current</b>		
Deposits with Customs, Port Trust and Court of law.	8.50	8.50
<b>Non-current total</b>	<b>8.50</b>	<b>8.50</b>
<b>9B Current</b>		
Advances to Suppliers	21.99	96.37
Prepaid expenses	8.64	1,619.87
Taxes recoverable	134.77	120.39
<b>Current total</b>	<b>165.40</b>	<b>1,836.63</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>173.90</b>	<b>1,845.13</b>

### 10 - Inventories

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Inventories (lower of cost and net realisable value)</b>		
Stock of Stores, Spares & Consumables	2,003.40	4,502.86
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,003.40</b>	<b>4,502.86</b>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

11 - Trade receivables

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Unsecured, considered good for more than six months	1,221.49	1,818.61
Unsecured, considered good - others	2,705.34	2,675.31
Less : Expected Credit Loss	(1,747.31)	(1,747.31)
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,179.52</b>	<b>2,746.61</b>

Trade receivables are recognized at their original invoiced amounts which represent their fair value on initial recognition. They are also considered to be of short duration and are not discounted. The carrying values are equivalent to their fair values. All trade receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a regular basis. Trade receivables are mainly from customers having appropriate credit quality and strong financials. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward looking information. The holding Company has availed fund based working capital facilities by hypothecating trade receivables from charterers.

12 - Cash and cash equivalents

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Cash on hand	2.90	3.26
Balances with Banks		
In current accounts	169.91	736.54
<b>Total</b>	<b>172.81</b>	<b>739.80</b>

13 - Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Margin Money	80.20	194.03
Deposit with Bank	1,033.50	270.58
Unpaid dividend Accounts	7.13	21.66
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,120.83</b>	<b>486.27</b>

- a) Margin money deposits includes deposits kept for guarantees issued on behalf of the Company by working capital Bankers.
- b) Deposit with Bank consists of an amount of Rs. 4.57 crores placed with SBI in no lien account towards proposed OTS, and Rs. 5.76 crores as a percentage of revenues "culled out" by the Bank towards the OTS as precondition to "holding on" operations. Once the settlement is finally arrived at necessary accounting entries will be effected.

14 - Equity Share capital

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Authorised</b>		
3,20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	3,200.00	3,200.00
1,50,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each	150.00	150.00
1,50,000 Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each	150.00	150.00
	3,500.00	3,500.00
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up</b>		
2,47,28,793 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up	2,472.88	2,472.88
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,472.88</b>	<b>2,472.88</b>

Particulars	No. of shares	Rs. in lakhs
<b>14A Fully paid equity shares</b>		
As at 31 March 2020	24,728,793	2,472.88
As at 31 March 2021	24,728,793	2,472.88

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021		As at 31st March 2020	
	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held	Number of shares held in the Company	Percentage of shares held
<b>14B Shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares</b>				
<b>Fully paid equity shares</b>				
Universal Investments Services Pvt Ltd.	1,660,188	6.71%	1,653,188	6.69%
Sushma Ashok Garware	1,568,418	6.34%	1,558,418	6.30%
Garware Marine Industries Ltd.	1,451,886	5.87%	1,451,886	5.87%
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,680,492</b>	<b>18.92%</b>	<b>4,663,492</b>	<b>18.86%</b>

### 14C Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

- The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10 per share. The equity shares rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement of dividend.
- In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### 15 - Financial liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>15 A Non- Current Borrowings</b>		
<b>Secured Loans from Banks</b>		
Foreign Currency Loan	60,833.04	95,486.14
<b>Unsecured</b>		
From Others	482.55	752.70
<b>Total Non-Current Borrowings</b>	<b>61,315.59</b>	<b>96,238.84</b>
Less : Current maturities of Long term borrowings	48,208.28	57,202.69
<b>Non- Current Borrowings ( as per balance sheet)</b>	<b>13,107.31</b>	<b>39,036.15</b>

### (A) Re. : Parent Company

#### Terms and Conditions

Four term loans are secured by way of first charge on the respective vessels ( 3 AHTSVs and 1 PSVs ). Additionally, one of these loans is also secured by way of receivables of the said vessel funded, upto the limit of monthly principal and interest and by a second charge on the Company's office premises.

One term loan is secured by way of first charge on the vessel (AHTSV) financed and 2nd charge on a Platform Supply Vessel (PSV).

One term loan is secured by way of first charge on the vessel (PSV) financed and 2nd charge on a Anchor Handling Tug cum Supply Vessel (AHTSV).

While the Company continues to recognise the Secured Loans (for audit purposes), in light of recent Supreme Court decisions, the Company is advised that none of these amounts would be payable.

The details of defaults as on 31st March, 2021 are as follows:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	upto 60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	More than 180 days
Banks	1,119.79	566.15	1,702.87	27,688.50

The Foreign Currency Term Loans (FCTL) availed for Acquisition / Modification of vessels to the tune of Rs. 36,444.36 lakhs are from State Bank Of India (SBI). SBI has treated the same as an Non Performing Assets w.e.f. 27th January, 2017. Subsequently, the bank has converted the FCTL's into rupee loans and started charging higher rates of interest. The Company has not accepted the switchover of the loans into rupees and is continuing to provide interest as per the original terms. As indicated above, while the Company continues to do so, the Company is advised that none of the amounts are payable, in light of recent Hon'ble Supreme Court decisions and the effect these decisions will have on the accounts and the balance sheet.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(B) Re : Subsidiaries

Global Offshore Services BV, Netherlands

Term loans for acquisition of vessels

Global Offshore Services B.V, as on date of this report, (through its 100% subsidiary) owns and operates, only one Vessel. The loan on the said Vessel has recently been restructured with the infusion of funds by investors and the restatement of the outstanding debt at a substantially lower figure which needs to be repaid within 18 months of the said restructuring. The said loan is secured by:

- First Charge on the Vessel financed.
- First priority assignment of the Obligatory Insurances
- First priority pledge or charge over the Earnings Account of the Borrower
- Exclusive first Charge on receivables, earnings, claims against third parties, revenues, stores, spares, etc. of the Vessel of whatsoever nature.
- Corporate Guarantee from Global Offshore Services Ltd.

All other assets which were owned/operated by GOSBV have been sold/returned to Owners as detailed below:

- 1) M V Cristal was sold in conjunction with Senior Lenders, DVB Bank. Against the sale, DVB Bank absolved GOSBV of all the outstanding dues and returned the Corporate Guarantee provided by the parent Company (GOSL). The junior lender (Axis Bank), however have not waived their outstanding loan and interest liability nor have they returned the guarantee provided to them by GOSL. However, GOSBV and GOSL are in dialogue with the said Junior Lender to arrive at an amicable settlement on this outstanding, inspite of the fact that there has been no claim from them on the Guarantee for more than 5 years and the Company is advised that the amount under the Guarantee is not payable.
- 2) M.V.Olympus was sold in conjunction with Senior Lenders Nord LB and subsequently a settlement between GOSBV (the Borrower), GOSL (the Guarantor) and Nord LB was arrived at wherein GOSBV was absolved of all the outstanding under the Loan and the said Guarantee was returned to GOSL. There have been no discussions in this regard with the Junior Lenders.
- 3) M.V.Ben Nevis and M.V.Kailash - vessels which were on Bareboat Charter to GOSBV have been returned to Owners upon expiry of the said Charters. The Guarantees provided by GOSL for both these Vessels have expired as on date of this report.

Overdue principal and interest as on 31st March, 2021 to be paid to the Banks which is as mentioned below.

(Rs. In Lakhs)				
Lender	Vessel	Outstanding From	Principal	Interest
Axis Bank	Cristal	Dec-16	8,321.57	1,903.41
OMP *	Olympus	Feb-16	9,165.63	478.01

\* Outstanding interest has been added PIKed

Maturity profile of Secured Loans (including current maturities) are as set out below :

(Rs. In Lakhs)				
Particulars	within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Beyond 3 years
Foreign Currency Loans for Acquisition of Vessels	48,208.28	10,455.74	1,367.68	801.34

The Foreign currency loans are at interest rates varying from 6 month LIBOR+350 bps points to 6 month LIBOR+500 bps points per annum.

In case of the Subsidiary GOSBV, the Foreign currency loans are at interest rates varying from 3 month LIBOR+350 bps points to 6.5% per annum.

15 - Financial liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>15B Current Borrowings</b>		
<b>Secured Working Capital Facility From Banks</b>		
Foreign Currency	1,319.56	1,626.94
Rupee	1,229.89	1,435.91
<b>Unsecured loan from banks</b>	1,272.85	1,304.92
<b>Unsecured Loan from others</b>		
Loan from other	3,222.25	3,734.63
<b>Total Current Borrowings</b>	<b>7,044.55</b>	<b>8,102.40</b>

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### Terms and Conditions

- (i) Working Capital Facility granted by Punjab National Bank (PNB) is secured by pari passu 1st charge with State Bank of India on stock of stores, spares, fuel on board the vessel (to the extent owned by the Company) and the book debts. All facilities provided by PNB are also secured by the 1st charge on the Company office premises. Interest on rupee based facility is charged @ 11.10% p.a.
- (ii) Working Capital Facility granted by State Bank of India is secured by pari passu 1st charge with Punjab National Bank on stock of stores, spares, fuel on board the vessel (to the extent owned by the Company) and the book debts. Interest on rupee based facility is provided @ 12.95% p.a and USD based facility @ 6 month LIBOR + 400 bps. The foreign currency working capital demand loan of Rs 1319.56 lakhs and Rupee cash credit of Rs. 694.92 lakhs stands "frozen", since the Company was declared an NPA with the Bank.
- (iii) Unsecured Demand Loan facility from Axis Bank at an interest rate of 3 months LIBOR + 450 bps p.a. The said loan was not repaid on due date and the Company is in dialogue with the Bank in an attempt to arrive at an amicable settlement of the same.

### 16 - Other financial liabilities

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>16A Non-current</b>		
Other long term liabilities	-	-
<b>Non-current total</b>	-	-
<b>16B Current</b>		
Current maturities of long term debts	48,208.28	57,202.69
Interest Accrued and due on Borrowings	12,091.71	14,164.76
Interest accrued but not due on Borrowing	127.60	-
Unclaimed Dividends (To be credited to the Investor Education & Protection Fund as and when due)	7.13	21.66
Other payables	1,817.88	814.70
<b>Current total</b>	62,252.60	72,203.81
<b>Total</b>	62,252.60	72,203.81

For the current financial liabilities that are measured at amortised cost, the fair values are not materially different from their carrying amounts, since the they are of short term nature.

### 17 - Provisions

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>17A Non-current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	14.75	10.26
<b>Non-current total</b>	14.75	10.26
<b>17B Current</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	13.60	9.58
Leave encashment	-	-
<b>Current total</b>	13.60	9.58
<b>Total</b>	28.35	19.84

### 18 - Trade payables

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Trade payables		
Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	20.94
Other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	2,431.20	4,041.66
<b>Total</b>	2,431.20	4,062.60



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

19 - Other liabilities

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Current</b>		
Deferred Income	-	-
Statutory Dues	199.70	95.87
<b>Total</b>	<b>199.70</b>	<b>95.87</b>

20 - Revenue from Operations

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Sale of Services</b>		
Fleet Chartering Earnings and related services (Net of Service Tax and GST)	7,766.97	12,194.39
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,766.97</b>	<b>12,194.39</b>

21 - Other income

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Interest income earned on financial assets not designated as at FVTPL		
Bank deposits	16.31	212.09
Interest received on IT Refund	32.44	20.49
Exchange Fluctuation - Gain (Net)	-	28.78
Miscellaneous Income	34.08	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>82.83</b>	<b>261.36</b>

22 - Fleet operating Expenses

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Travelling Expenses	117.34	167.24
Fuel, Oil, Stores & Water	941.58	899.64
Port & Canal dues	222.09	134.92
Repairs	773.50	329.00
Stores & Victualling	967.97	1,269.76
Insurance Charges & Protecting Club Fees	232.74	381.66
Telecommunication Charges	116.35	138.26
Charter Hire Charges	14.83	108.37
Professional Fees	620.67	1,110.01
Agency Fees, Brokerage & Commission	323.93	381.58
Sundry Operating expenses	151.12	208.19
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,482.12</b>	<b>5,128.63</b>

23 - Employee benefits expense

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Salaries, wages and Fees	2,902.10	3,696.91
Gratuity, contribution to provident funds and other funds	234.19	76.02
Staff welfare expenses	1.42	4.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,137.71</b>	<b>3,777.43</b>

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### Employee benefit plans

#### 23A Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contribution towards provided fund to a defined contribution benefit plan for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the contribution plan to fund the benefits. The provident fund plan is operated by the Government administrated employee provident fund. Eligible employees receive the benefits from the said Provident Fund. Both the employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the Provident Fund plan equal to specific percentage of the covered employee's salary. The Company has no obligations other than this to make the specified contribution.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of Profit and Loss.

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Contribution to Employees Provident Fund	15.18	14.32
Contribution to Seamen's Provident Fund	34.96	35.18
<b>Total</b>	<b>50.14</b>	<b>49.50</b>

#### 23B (A) Defined benefit plans

The Company earmark liability towards Gratuity and provide for payment under Group Gratuity Scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC).

##### (a) Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The Company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees are responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.

##### (b) Risks associated with defined benefit plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and Company is exposed to the Following Risks:

**Interest rate risk:** A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G. Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

**Salary Risk:** The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

**Investment Risk:** The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

**Asset Liability Matching Risk:** The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

**Mortality risk:** Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

**Concentration Risk:** Plan is having a concentration risk as all the assets are invested with the insurance Company and a default will wipe out all the assets. Although probability of this is very less as insurance Companies have to follow regulatory guidelines.

##### (c) Characteristics of defined benefit plans

The Company has the benefit scheme in line with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, for those employees who are getting benefit as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Change in liability (if any) due to this scheme change is recognised as past service cost.

##### (d) A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan and the contributions towards the trust fund is done as guided by rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(B) Other Disclosures

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Type of Benefit	Gratuity	Gratuity
Country	India	India
Reporting Standard	Indian Accounting Standard 19 (IndAS 19)	Indian Accounting Standard 19 (IndAS 19)
Funding Status	Funded	Funded
Starting Period	01-Apr-20	01-Apr-19
Date of Reporting	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Period of Reporting	12 Months	12 Months

Assumptions (Previous Period)

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Expected Return on Plan Assets	6.82%	7.47%
Rate of Discounting	6.82%	7.47%
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.

Assumptions (Current Period)

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Expected Return on Plan Assets	N.A.	6.82%
Rate of Discounting	6.33%	6.82%
Rate of Salary Increase	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	2.00%	2.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.

Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit Obligation

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	62.28	67.48
Interest Cost	4.25	5.04
Current Service Cost	5.18	5.02
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	-	-
Benefit Paid From the Fund	(0.40)	(0.85)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in Financial Assumptions	1.73	2.15
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	(1.11)	(16.56)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	71.93	62.28

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### Change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	42.44	38.71
Interest Income	2.89	2.89
Contributions by the Employer	0.65	1.77
Benefit Paid from the Fund	(0.40)	(0.85)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(1.99)	(0.08)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	43.59	42.44

### Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Period	(71.93)	(62.28)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period	43.59	42.43
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(28.34)	(19.85)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(28.34)	(19.85)

### Net Interest Cost for Current Period

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	62.28	67.48
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period	(42.44)	(38.71)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	19.84	28.77
Interest Cost	4.25	5.04
Interest Income	(2.90)	(2.89)
Net Interest Cost for Current Period	1.35	2.15

### Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Period

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Current Service Cost	5.18	5.02
Net Interest Cost	1.35	2.15
Expenses Recognized	6.53	7.17

### Expenses Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for Current Period

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	0.62	(14.41)
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	1.99	0.08
Net (Income)/Expense For the Period Recognized in OCI	2.61	(14.33)

### Balance Sheet Reconciliation

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Opening Net Liability	19.84	28.77
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	6.53	7.17
Expenses Recognized in OCI	2.61	(14.33)
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	-	-
Employer's Contribution	(0.40)	(1.77)
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	28.58	19.84

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Category of Assets		( Rs. in lakhs )	
Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020	
Insurance fund	43.59	42.43	
Other	-	-	
Total	43.59	42.43	

Other Details		( Rs. in lakhs )	
Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020	
No. of Active Members	41	41	
Per Month Salary For Active Members	12.68	11.94	
Weighted Average Duration of the Projected Benefit Obligation	6	7	
Average Expected Future Service	9	10	
Projected Benefit Obligation	71.93	62.28	
Prescribed Contribution For Next Year (12 Months)	12.68	11.94	

Net Interest Cost for Next Year		( Rs. in lakhs )	
Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020	
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	71.93	62.28	
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Period	(43.58)	(42.43)	
Net Liability/(Asset) at the End of the Period	28.35	19.85	
Interest Cost	4.55	4.25	
Interest Income	-	(2.89)	
Net Interest Cost for Next Year	4.55	1.35	

Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Next Year		( Rs. in lakhs )	
Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020	
Current Service Cost	5.07	5.18	
Net Interest Cost	4.55	1.35	
Expected Contributions by the Employees	-	-	
Expenses Recognized	9.62	6.53	

**Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments : From the Fund**

Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Reporting		( Rs. in lakhs )	
Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020	
1st Following Year	13.60	9.58	
2nd Following Year	5.41	5.16	
3rd Following Year	4.63	5.31	
4th Following Year	1.70	4.12	
5th Following Year	20.12	1.53	
Sum of Years 6 To 10	26.24	38.59	
Sum of Years 11 and above	34.94	34.77	

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### Sensitivity Analysis

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	71.93	62.28
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(3.45)	(3.25)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	3.85	3.63
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	3.86	3.66
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(3.53)	(3.33)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	0.22	0.32
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(0.24)	(0.35)

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet. There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

### 24 - Finance costs

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Interest on Borrowings	2,263.15	7,277.78
Other borrowing costs	5.93	3.25
Unwinding of fair value deposits through profit and loss	-	22.34
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,269.08</b>	<b>7,303.37</b>

### 25 - Depreciation and amortisation expense

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	3,048.97	3,077.46
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,048.97</b>	<b>3,077.46</b>

### 26 - Other expenses

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Office Repairs and Maintenance	5.53	10.90
Rent	46.45	58.32
Insurance	0.55	1.35
Rates and Taxes	6.08	3.41
Bank Charges	24.99	62.05
Travelling Expenses	6.58	81.42
Director Sitting Fees	8.44	5.45
Postage, Telephone and Fax	10.20	14.28
Legal, Professional and Consultancy Charges	706.80	475.11
Exchange Fluctuation - Loss (Net)	-	21.46
Miscellaneous Expenses	139.37	160.73
<b>Total</b>	<b>954.99</b>	<b>894.48</b>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>26A Auditors' remuneration and expenses</b>		
Statutory Audit fees	19.62	70.02
Certification Charges	0.20	0.50
<b>Payments to tax auditors</b>		
Tax audit fees	0.60	0.60

**27 - Exceptional Items** ( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Gain due to Reversal of Interest accruals on loan liability ( Refer Note 27.(i) below)	2,950.00	98.32
Foreign Exchange gain on long term loans ( Refer Note 27.(ii) below)	1,181.63	-
Reversal of Impairment of Property Plant and Equipment's ( Refer Note 27.(iv) below)	655.82	-
Profit on settlement of loan and write back of financial liabilities ( Refer Note 27.(i) below)	34,212.80	39,989.75
<b>Total exceptional income (A)</b>	<b>39,000.25</b>	40,088.07
Foreign Exchange loss on long term loans ( Refer Note 27.(ii) below)	-	4,123.05
Provision for doubtful loans and advances ( Refer Note 27.(iii) below)	-	2,722.72
Loss on Sale of Assets.	-	20,254.04
Provision for impairment of property, plant and Equipment	-	6,161.10
<b>Total exceptional expenditure (B)</b>	<b>-</b>	33,260.91
<b>Exceptional items (net) (A-B)</b>	<b>39,000.25</b>	6,827.16

**Note :**

- (i) During the year under review (including the period upto the date of this report) , Global Offshore Services B.V (GOSBV) has reversed a provision of principal and interest as a result of a loan settlement with the Lenders of vessels to the tune of Rs.37107.62 lakhs ( P.Y Rs. 40088.07 ) lakhs. In addition, Garware Offshore International Services Pte. Ltd. (Singapore) has reversed an amount of Rs. 55.17 lakhs provided as payment to Suppliers in view of the statute of limitation in the respective jurisdictions of where the suppliers are based. These items have been accounted as exceptional items.
- (ii) As per the guidelines provided under Ind AS 101- first time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards , the Group has decided to change its accounting policy related to hedge accounting. Under Ind AS, the Group will follow Ind AS -21- The effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates - under which restated gain or loss on such foreign currency borrowing will be charged to profit and loss account for the respective period. On transition date i.e. 1 April, 2016, the debit balance in Foreign Currency Hedge Reserve has been transferred to Retained earnings.  
The exceptional items includes exchange gain of Rs.1181.63 Lakhs, ( Previous year Rs. 4123.05 Lakhs loss ) on account of foreign loan restatement.
- (iii) As per the guidelines provided under Ind AS 109 , the Group has evaluated the provision required for doubtful advances as per expected credit loss method and accordingly the Group has provided for Rs. Nil ( P.Y. Rs. 2722.72 lakhs).
- (iv) The Value of a vessel owned by the subsidiary has increased by Rs. 655.82 lakhs in view of updated valuation certificate received from Brokers.

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 28 - Income taxes relating to continuing operations

( Rs. in lakhs )

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Tax expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss</b>		
<b>Current tax</b>		
In respect of current year	58.71	86.80
In respect of prior years		
Tax for earlier year	-	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	<b>58.71</b>	<b>86.80</b>
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
In respect of earlier year - MAT Credit entitlement	0.26	(272.07)
Others	-	-
<b>Total deferred income tax (credit) / expense</b>	<b>0.26</b>	<b>(272.07)</b>
<b>Total income tax expense</b>	<b>58.97</b>	<b>(185.27)</b>

#### The income tax expense for the year not been reconciled to accounting profit due to :

Provision of current income-tax is made on the basis of the assessable income under the income tax Act, 1961 (for India) and for the respective subsidiaries as per the local tax laws of the county of operations. Income from shipping activities is assessed on the basis of deemed tonnage income of the Company at respective entities. Accordingly no reconciliation prepared.

#### Note

The group has made the tax provision, mainly on other income and income as per transfer pricing rules. Also consider the future taxable income, the company has decided to recognised MAT credit entitlement for earlier years.

### 29 - Risk management

#### 29A Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the returns to stakeholders.

#### 29B Financial instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income & expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are as disclosed in notes to financial statements.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
<b>Financial assets</b>		
<b>Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)</b>		
Other Investments ( refer note 3.4)	5.95	2.87
<b>Measured at amortised cost</b>		
Cash and bank balances	172.81	739.80
Trade receivables	2,179.52	2,746.61
Other Non Current financial assets	9.51	339.66
Other Bank Balances	1,120.83	486.27
Other financial assets - current	47.01	15.04
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
<b>Measured at amortised cost</b>		
Trade payable	2,431.20	4,062.60
Other non current financial liabilities	-	-
Non current borrowings	13,107.31	39,036.15
Current borrowings	7,044.55	8,102.40
Other current financial liabilities	62,252.60	72,203.81

The management considers that the carrying amount of financials assets & financial liabilities recognized in the financial statement approximate their fair values.



## Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

### 29C Financial and liquidity risk management objectives

- i) The average payment terms of creditors (trade payables) is 45-60 days. Other financial liabilities viz. employee payments, other payables are payable within one year.
- ii) Liquidity risk may arise from inability to meet financial obligations, including loan repayments and payments for vessel acquisitions.

### 29D Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The major class of financial asset of the Group is trade receivables. For credit exposures to customer, management assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. As the Group does not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the statement of financial position.

### 29E Foreign Currency risk management

Since part of the revenues of the Group are denominated in US dollars, there is a translation risk as the Group has to report its financial performance in INR. However, this exposure is partly hedged by replacement of its debt servicing obligations in U.S. Dollars and incurring some of its operating and repair costs in foreign currency.

29F Maturity profile of all material financial liability including borrowings have been disclosed with respective notes.

### 30 - Segment Information

The Group is engaged in only one type of business i.e. charter of offshore support vessels and there are no separate reportable segment.

### 31 - Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
<b>Basic / Diluted earnings / ( loss ) per share</b>		
From continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company ( Rupees per share )	88.20	(14.09)
<b>Total basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company</b>	<b>88.20</b>	<b>(14.09)</b>

### Basic / Diluted earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity share used in the calculations of basic earnings per share are as follows:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	21,811.11	(3,483.20)
<b>Earnings used in the calculation of basic earning per share</b>	<b>21,811.11</b>	<b>(3,483.20)</b>
Loss for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company	-	-
<b>Earnings used in the calculation of basic earnings per share from continuing operations</b>	<b>21,811.11</b>	<b>(3,483.20)</b>

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021	Year ended 31st March 2020
Weighted average number of equity shares for the purpose of basic / diluted earnings per share in lakhs	247.29	247.29

### 32- Ind AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

#### Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP")

Aditya A. Garware - Chairman

Details of Transactions with Related Parties

Rs. In lakhs

		Key Management Personnel
1	<b>Sitting Fees</b>	
	Aditya A. Garware	1.30 (1.00)
2	<b>Consultancy Fees</b>	
	Aditya A. Garware	85.50 (70.50)

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

**Outstanding as at 31st March, 2021**

Rs. In lakhs

		<b>Key Management Personnel</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Consultancy Fees</b> Aditya A. Garware	8.35 (6.25)

Figures in the brackets are the comparative figures of the previous year

**33 - Contingent liabilities and contingent assets**

( Rs. in lakhs )

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at 31st March 2021</b>	<b>As at 31st March 2020</b>
Guarantees given by the Banks (Counter Guarantees given by the Company)	<b>687.28</b>	1,079.55

**34** The holding Company does not expose itself to any material significant impact due to Ind AS 116 - Leases, as all the lease arrangement are of short term nature with insignificant value.

**35** Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified, to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board

**For D. Kothary & Co.**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Reg. No. 105335W

**Aditya Garware**  
Chairman  
DIN : 00019816

**A. K. Thanavala**  
Director  
DIN : 00017476

**M. M. Honkan**  
Wholetime Director  
DIN : 08392886

**Mehul N. Patel**  
Partner  
Membership No. 132650  
UDIN : 21132650AAAAFH4432  
Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**P. S. Shah**  
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai, 30th June 2021

**A. C. Chandarana**  
Company Secretary  
& President - Legal & Admn.



From

**GLOBAL OFFSHORE SERVICES LIMITED**

101, Swapnabhoomi, "A" Wing, S.K. Bole Road, Dadar (w), Mumbai-400 028.